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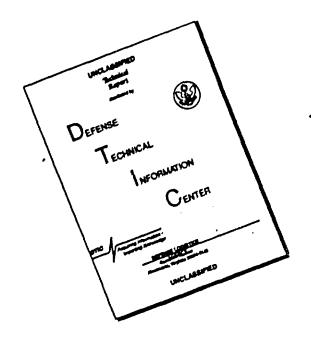
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#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

AGAM-P (M) (14 Feb 68) FOR OT RD-674210

20 February 1968

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, Headquarters, 196th

Light Infantry Brigade, Period Ending 31 October 1967 (U)

TO:

SEE DISTRIBUTION

1. Subject report is forwarded for review and evaluation by USACDC in accordance with paragraph 6f, AR 1-19 and by USCONARC in accordance with paragraph 6c and d, AR 1-19. Evaluations and corrective actions should be reported to ACSFOR OT within 90 days of receipt of covering letter.

2. Information contained in this report is provided to insure appropriate benefits in the future from Lessons Learned during current operations, and may be adapted for use in developing training material.

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

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1 Incl as

C. A. STANFIEL

Colonel, AGC VActing The Adjutant General,

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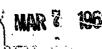
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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS, 196TH LIGHT THEATTRY ERICADE APO San Francisco 96256

AVBFSA-HO

10 November 1967

SUBJECT: Operational Report for Quarterly Period Ending 31 October 1967. (RCS CSFOR-65) (Ú)

TO:

SEE DISTRIBUTION

Operational Report for Quarterly Period (RCS CSFOR-65) Location: Vicinity, Chu Lai (BT550015), RVN Reporting Officer: Brigadier General Frank H. Linnell Prepared by: 11th Patrick A. Di Napoli, Drigade Staff Historian

- Significant Organizational Activities:
  - a. Personnel and Administration:
    - (1) Personnel General:
      - (a) Infusion and Rotation Program:

1. To reduce the rotational hump which would have occured in July 1968, an infusion program was devised accordingly. This plan provided for the infusion on 129 EM and 21 officers with the 199th Light Infantry Brigade. Briefly stated, the plan provided for this Brigade to ship personnel in a formentioned numbers to the 199th Light Infantry Brigade and to receive a similar number of replacements from the pipeline. Major problems encountered were mainly air transporation problems and non-receipt of some replacements from the pipeline in MOS's and quantities required.

2. As the results of a change in October 1967 in USIRV's policy for the computation of retational humps, new rotational humps were oncountered. The previous method of computing humps was based on essigned strengths: however, in October the method of computation was changed and recuired hums were to be computed based on authorized strengths. Since the brigade had been operating with an over-strength, now hum as were incurred for some months. Further, the policy required separate computation for officers (including warrant officers) and enlisted men. Since the Drigade had never implemented an effective infusion plan for officers, when humps were computed, almost every unit came up with a hump for June and July. Where possible, these hump problems will be solved within the Brigade and with other Brigades of the Americal Division. Where hump problems can't be resolved in this panner, they will be reported to USARV for solution in accordance with applicable USARV directives.

(b) Personnel Records: The problem of replacements arriving

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change in Department of the Army policy which now permits all personnel to hand carry their records. Actions are still being taken to obtain records which were previously not received. Also, actions are being taken to dispose of records of individuals who were scheduled for assignment to this command, but were apparently diverted to some other unit in RVII.

- (c) Assignment Instructions: Although the Brigade has experienced an increase in the timely receipt of assignment instructions, some difficulties are still encountered in this area. USARV has been most helpful and cooperative and has taken prompt action to obtain missing assignment instructions when so notified. This is an area that is kept under continuous surviellance
- (d) MOS Shortages: This command is experiencing an MOS shortages in the senior grade 11 series: 81 Auth, 76 Asg. We have also had shortages in experienced senior grade replacements in the supply and maintenance field (MOS series: 76 10 Auth, 3 Asg., 7 E6's on Sect. 11 req; MOS series: 63 2 Auth, 0 Asg., 2 on Sect. I requisition). We have requisitioned the appropriate senior grades, but have been receiving grade substitutions one grade lower than the required grade. In the 8th St. En, there are two positions, 63250, for which replacements were requisitioned for July 67. To date we have not received fill action.
- (e) Eligibility for Promotion: For the months of September, October, and (projected) November, we have not been able to promote any personnel from grade E3 to grade E4, due to an excess of personnel in higher grades. This problem was compounded somewhat by a special DA allocation in October 67 to 28 E4 promotions, to be used without regard to position vacancy. Ne have no problem in the E5 and E6 areas, and are receiving cancelled Section 11 requisitions on senior grades, for which promotions are made as quotas are received. On May 68 requisitions, 18 positions have not been cancelled (6-11PhO,2-11F50, 1-13PhO, 2-13B5O, 1-31G5O, 171PhO, 2-76PhO, 1-76ChO, 1-76C5O, and 1-95D2O). For June 68 requisitions, 1-11F5O, 1-63Z5O, 3-76YhO have not been cancelled.

#### (2) Personnel:

(a) Strength as of last day of report period.

•	OFF	<u>WC</u>	EM :	AGO
auth	254	24	3733	4011
Asg	268	25.	4135	14428
PDY	249	25	.3967	4241

#### (b) Losses and Gains:

1. Losses for the period:

λ,	0.17	MO	<u>EM</u>	AGO,
Kili	. (0	0	21	21
Thia	0 )	0.	27	27
MIL	0 60	NF/DE	NTIAL	4 0

#### 2. Gains for the period:

OFF	MO	<u>em</u>	AGG
67	· 14	978.	1049

(c) Key personnel gains:

• -		DATE ASSUMED	DATE ARRIVED
GRADE/IMME	POSITION	POSITION)	DATE RRIVED
COL GELLI G, Louis	Bde Co	31 Oct 67	d: Jun 57
LTC THOMAS, Jack D.	24 44	1 jug 67	10 Jul 67
MJ 20VaRD, John O.	Bde S_1	1 Oct 67	18 Mar 67
hij logiii, laddie 3.	Bde S-2	8 Sep 67	13 Jul 37
Mid Mic DONALD, Bruce S.	Bie Surg	4 aug 67	2 Aug 67
Mid M.TKE, Frederic U.	Avn Staff 0	7 Sep 67	11 Jul 67
•	* · p · * · · · · ·	,	*
LTC REESE, Grady G.	CO, 8th Spt	10 Oct 67	4 Jul 67
Mid FORSETH, Frank R. Jr.		11 Oct 67	18 Jun 67
	Bdo AG	19 Aug 67	18 lug 67
LTC Halmond, Lyman H. Jr.	CO, 2/1st	11 Oct 67	9 Jül 67
Mid WILLETT, Fr ank .	S-3, 2/1st	1 Aug 67	28 Jun 67
Hid Liscold, Harry R.		1 Oct 67	21 Jul 67
Mid DURCHTELD, Malter D.	S-3, 3/21st	51 Oct 67	24 Jun 67
		. 4	4
Mij Demi, Davis M. Jr.	Cu, 569th MID	11. Sep 67.	9 Sep 67

(d) Awards and decorations approved: DFC 2, SS 19, LOH 12, Si 8, ES 183, AH 87, ACH, 208, PH 196

#### (3) Administrative Services:

#### (a) Staff Judge idvocate:

During the subject period, 17 August 1967 to 31 October 1967, the scope of the Staff Judge Advocate activities expanded in terms of heavier volumes of legal assistance cases, supervision of courts and boards activities, and general administration.

2. There were approximately 230 legal assistance cases processed.

3. There were five (5) General courts processed, thirty-eight (38) Special courts, and four (4) Summary courts processed.

to Voreign National claims and solatium diminished in volume slightly, reflecting greater care on the part of Drigade units, and an increased emphasis on safety. During the subject period, approximately thirty-five (35), solatium payments were processed. Incidents of service claims increased markedly over the preceeding period, twelve (12) such claims were processed.

#### (h) Financial:

(a) General:

l. Financial operations during the ported have remained unchanged. The extreme work levels experienced during the buildings in June and July leveled off during August & September, with an increase in October due to the infusion with the 199th Brigade. No major problems were encountered. However, the high turnover of Finance clorks in November was solved by the early assignment of replacements.

period was 18000.

J. Formal record of pay complaints has not been maintained since it is felt that no major problems exist in this cres. Pay complaints are delt with on an individual basis, and corrective action taken immediately. This section has had one case of IC interest, and that was caused by an error outside this command. The problem was resolved to the satisfaction of both the member and IC.

including PCS, Dop TVL, and TDY was 1387.

#### (5) Chaplain activities:

- (a) Genéral comment on activitiés .
- l. Religious coverage continued to be the primary concern of the Brigade Chaplain Section.
- 2. The arrangement of having an assistant Drigade Chaplain attached to each of the line Dattalions and the 8th Support Dattalion has proved to be highly effective. There has been little difficulty encountered in providing adequate religious services for the Drigade.
- 3. Jewish personnel were provided with the opportunity of ottending the observance of the High Holy Days in Da Mang. About 50% of them took advantage of the opportunity. Teskly Jewish services are hold at Americal Leadquarters Chapel.
- h. Hospital visitation was carried out by all the Brigade Chaplains.
- . 5. The Character Andence Program was carried out by means of distributing handouts on the monthly topic down to the company level.
- Chaplains for units that do not have a Satholic Chaplain. In the 3 month reporting period 46 services were provided for these units.
  - (b) Total services conducted and attendance:
    - 1. Protestant 206 services with 1,156 attending.
    - 2. Catholic 335 services with 6,103 attending.
- 3. Jewish No record since services are held by Americal Division on an area basis. Twelve Jewish personnel from the Brigade attended High Holy Days in Da Mang.

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#### (6) Discipline, Law and Order:

#### (a) Base camp operations:

- l. Daily Military Police conmitments for the 196th Lt Inf Bde include, but are not limited to, security of the Ede Tactical Operations Center and the H qs, flag detail, manning entrance gates, motor patrols, traffic control points, CAECHATES and Vietnamese Nationals, escorting VIP'S and tactical convoys, securing and controlling traffic over brid ges in tactical area of operations and swiftboat river patrols. Controlling speed violators, enforcing uniform regulations and conducting criminal investigations within the 196th Bde area of operations.
- 2. Indigenous personnel are processed through the Main Gate entering and leaving the 196th Bde area and are spot checked, (baggag e, parcels, etc.) by the Military Policemen on duty. Approximately 11,520 indegenous personnel have been processed to work in the 196th It Inf Bde area through joint effort of S-1 and the Provost Warshal Office.
- 3. The Military Police Platoon does not have a HI collections point as such, however 2 MP's assigned to each of the Bde battalions are responsible for transporting of HI's to the division HI collection point from the battalion concerned. Exact amount from August 1 967 to October 1967 is 413.
- 4. 56 convoy escorts were conducted by the 196th MP platoon. Also the platoon is involved for TCP's, essort duty and brigade security for all tactical operations in the brigade area of operations.
- 5. The MP Platoon assists customs and company commanders in assuring that all privately owned firearms are properly registered by enforcing MACV Directive 210-5 with Change 1.
- 6. Taw and order. 118 non traffic violations, 83 traffic violations, 30 CTD cases and 20 motor vehicle accidents were investigated. There were 7 motor vehicle connected fatalities during the period.
  - (b) Tactical support:
- l. The 196th MP Flatoon was involved in 5 op erations, H ood River, Benton, Golden Floece, Wheeler and Mallowa.
- 2. The exact number of detainees processed is unknown, see paragraph ( $\overline{a}$ ) # above.

#### (7) Postal Services:

- (a) General During this period plans and coordination was made with staff sections for Operation Silver Star (Christmas Hail Season) commencing on 1 October and terminating on 31 December 1967.
  - (b) Mail processed (pounds):

CON FIDENTIAL 1. Received - 152,799

2. Dispatched - 70,274

- (c) Total amount of honoy Orders sold was \$1,008,601.27.
- (b) Total anoung of stemps sold was M4,630.00.

#### (8) Post Exchange Services:

- (a) During the quarter, a mobile PX Darber shop was introduced to the troops of the 196th Light Infantry Brigade. It has most of the stateside luxuries and has five chairs. A Karrin Laundry pick-up point was opened beside the Brigade PX an also a tall shop was added near the end of the quarter, the tailor shop does mending, sowing, etc.
- (b) Total sales for the quarternor \$179,262.80. This is lower than previous quarters due to limited merchandise and beverages available from the Da Nang area.
- (c) Plans are now being made to move the PX to the rear area on our future move with delly true's service to the forward areas until a PX can be built, this may again produce a low quarter in sales.

#### (9) Special Services Activities:

- (a) Since last quarter we have received from Americal Division, and distributed to units of this Digade 20 Athletic and Recreation kits, 10 Televisions, 10 Redios, and 3 Tape Accorders.
  - (b) There have ben six (6) USO shows:
    - 1. Robert Stuck visit 4 -ug 1967, Attendance: 400
    - 2. Villiam Talphran visit 10 Aug 1967, Attendance: 400
    - 3. Mondays Children Show, 25 Aug 1967, Attendance: 500
    - h. Joey Eilers Show, 26 Aug 1967, Attendance: 500
    - 5. Roll & Soul Show, 5 Sept 1967, Attendance: 250
    - 6. America's Children, 26 Sept 1967, Attendance: 500
  - (c) Humber of R & R:
    - 1. In Country:
      - a. Jung Yau (Aug Oct): 60
      - b. China Berch (aug Oct): 425
    - 2. Out of Country:
      - a. via Cam Ranh Bay (Sept): 187
      - b. via Da Hang (Aug Oct): 1776
  - (d) There have been 628 film showings.

o. Operations:

(1) General: The Brigade is assigned the mission of securing the Chu lai airfield and administrative complex, of providing a shield for Revolutionary Development within the TaoR and without it as directed. During the period 1 august to 31 October 1967 there was one major operation and 11,223 small unit operations, the major operation and 147 small unit operations resulted in energy contact.

#### (2) Operation BEHTOH

- (a) Inclusive Date: 140620 August to 010800 Sept 67.
- (b) Task Organization:
  - 1. 1st Bottolion Lith Infantry(-).
  - 2. 2d Battalion 1st Infantry(-).
  - 3. 3d Battalion S2d Artillery(-).
- (c) Task Force Oregon directed the 196th Lt Inf. Bde to conduct operations in zone to locate, fix, and destroy VC/RVA forces and resources.
  - (d) Location: Quang Tim Province RVH.
- (e) Operation PENCE was a search and destroy operation. Troops moved to the area of operations by foot and by helicopter.

#### (f) Results:

1. Friendly Losses:

a:	KIA	•	4
5.	kia Wa		40
Ĉ.		Interpreter	WEAL

#### 2. Enemy Losses:

a:	VC KIA (C)		,	87
T.	VC KTA (P)			80
ज्ञानीचीक्ष्मीः अतीनीनीमी ज्ञानीनीचीक्ष्मीः अतीनीनीनी	Detainecs			104
đ.	VC FOH			4
ē.	Returnees			4
Ĩ.	Weapons .			. 25
3.	AT mines			1
ĥ.	AP mines .			. 51
ĭ.	Small, arms ammo		· .	810 rds
ij.	Shotgun shells	÷		2525 rds
k.	Hand gronades			12
ī.	Arty rds	,		. 2
m.	250 lb benbs .			5

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n.	Booby traps Bunkers Tunnols Fox Holes Trenches Caves Structures Punji stakes Punji pit Rice AA/A positions	. 45	
0	Bunkere	173	
) a	.Tunnols	. l;0	
g	Fox Holes	3	
. <u>r</u> ,	Trenches .	- 10	
S	Caves	. 2	·
Ŧ.	Structures 🧳 🚜	151	•
<u>u</u> .	Ponji stakor	153	
v.	Punji pir	9	
W.	Rice	1505	lbs
X.	MA/A positions	4	

#### (3) Artillery:

- (a) Rounds fired: 53,819
- .(ඊ) Results:

ı.	VC KEA (C)	12
2:	AC KIT (F)	119
₹:	Structures destroyed	14
Ii.	Bunkers destroyed	0
3.	Secondary fires & explosions	ı
	Sampans destroyed	0.

#### (4) Air Support:

(a) Number of Tactical Sorties Flown: 1124

1.	VO KIA (C)	73
$\frac{1}{2}$	VC KIA (P)	81
	Structures destroyed	608
3.15.6	Bunkers destroyed	174
5.	Secondary fires & emplosions	36
5.	Sampans destroyed	0

#### (3) Training and Organization:

- (a) General: The overall training status of the Ede. remains excellent. Upon reporting to the Frigade each enlisted man attended a six day and each officer a three day orientation course at the Charger Academy.
- (b) 81 officers and 1,229 enlisted men processed through the Charger Academy during the reporting period.
- (c) The 196th Lt Inf Ide. submitted a number of recommended changes to the organization during the reporting period.
  These almost, without exception, apply to Mg and administrative units
  which require augmentation in order to adequately accomplish their
  support mission.
  - 1. MTOE's were submitted on the following

units.

a. Hq & Ho Co 196th Lt Inf Bde MTOE 77-102T.

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be Ho & Ho Det 8th Support Pa MTOE 29-246T.

o admin o 8th Support Pa MTOE 12-197T.

d. Supply and Maint Co 8th Support in MTCE

29-247T

2. In ITCE was also submitted on F Troop 17th Cav. This MTOE 17-57G was an attempt to place the IRRP in the command structure of the cavalry troop. It was subsequently disapproved at USEV where a separate MTOE action is proceeding to create it as a separate divisional unit.

2. Incomplete TOE action is currently taking place at US.RY, creating a communication company from organic resources within the separate brigades. This action combines the organic communication platoon of the Hq & Hq Co and the attached signal platoon of the brigade under a single company command structure. This action is not yet completed, although the organy is currently functionally reorganized.

- (6) Scout Dog Platoon and Activities:
  - (a) Scout Dog Team Strength: 12
  - (b) Humber of Operations: 181
    - 1. Combat patrols: 32
    - 2. S&D: 61
    - 3. S&C: 10
    - 4. imbush: 3?
    - 5. Outpost: 9
    - 6. Recon: 9
    - 7. Village search: 23
- (c) Results: 2 VC dummies, 3,120 lbs rice, 1 rifle, 1 fuse plug (155mm), 67 tunnels and spider holes, 1 bunker, 2 Lais, 2 armo clips, 2 punji pits, 2 grenades, 2 borby-traps, 1 mortar round, 3 shirts, 6 used 105mm and mortar rounds, 2 huts, and unknown amount of documents, paper, food, clothing, wire, batteries, and tools.
  - (d) Training status: Continuous training daily.
  - (e) Cosualties:
    - 1. Endlers: 1 KL, 1 WL,
    - 2. Dogs: 1 KLi, 1 TLi
    - 3. VC: 3 KLi, 1 POI

#### (7) Chemical Activities

- (a) Reporting period: 1 august 1967 to 31 October 1967.
- (b) The Chemical Detachment during the reporting period had initiated several important new developments in Chemical Corpo warfare and expanded on accepted are s of interest. The Chemical Corps, is responsible for the following areas of activity in Vietnam: (1) Personnel Detection, (2) Riot Control agent employment, (3) Defoliation, and (4) Flame Field expedients. Because of the mission and the situation of the Brigado, the 27th Chemical Detachment has engaged in the first three of these areas listed. The Personnel detection-Smiller program, was launched by the Detachment in -ugust and has continued to the present. This program has proved itself to be an involuable source of intelligence both for Brigade operations and the validation of intelligence information. In the field of riot control agents, the Detachment has "seeded" turnels (to dony energy reentry), employed CS grenades in a tactical role by acrial delivery assisting maneuvering troops, and terrain denial using CS-1 and the piont determing fuse, M/H173, which we devised. The Determent also has particapated in defoliation, by assisting the Brigade S-3 air in Ranchband requests (sir force defoliation program) and by doing base camp and security defoliction. This defoliation is done in both the ground and aerial mode, for the various units of the Brigade. The Pasic natures of these activities will not change but will very only as the mission of the Brigade varies.
- (c) Listed below are the significant activities of the 27th Chemical Detachment for the reporting period. Aug 67 to 31 Oct 67. Extracted from the detachment operations log.
- 1. 07 Aug 67 The Detachment conducted a sixteen (16) drum CS-1 drop vic EShh997h to ESh6397h with all drums falling on target. No duds.
- 2. 10 Aug 67 The Detachment conducted an aerial defoliation exercise using a gravity fed 55 gallion drum apparatus filled with diesel fuel. The target was a ridgeline west of the Brigade base camp and a proposed bunker site vic BT541013. Results were poor because of the strong vitality of the foliage.
- 3. Il aug 67 If Campbell visited the 3d Brigade, 4th Inf Division and 1st Brigade, 101st Airborne Division to obtain ideas concerning Chemical activities in Vietnam. Valuable information on the employment of CS-I was obtained.
- lie 16 Aug 67 IT Campbell instructed 1/31 on the employment of CS-1 to deny tunnels and spider holes to returning enemy. The Battalion was favorably impressed and decided to try it.
- 5. 17 Aug 67 IT Campbell and SFC Jenkins went to the field with 4 1/31 to instruct the unit in actual employment of 7S-1 in turnel denial.
- 6. 18 -ug 67- LT Campbell and SFC Jenkins in structed 1/14 at their field location on tunnel clearing, flushing and denial.

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7. 22 lug 6? - The Detachment conducted a twentyfive (25) drum CS-1 drop vic ES193895 to ES505896 for 3/21. Area was
completely covered with desired heights of purst covering the target
area. Drop was within two hundred (200) meters of friendly troops and
no hazards were incurred. One did was destroyed by following artillery.

8. 25-28 ing 67 - II Compbell Visited Dallang and procured twelve (12) drums of 2,4,5T herbicide. in an attempt to locate fifteen (15) NFDs and some ENSURE items.

9. 30 Aug 67 - The Detachment defoliated ridgeline vic 37541013 using 2,4,57 herbicide. A UHD with a 55 gallon drum gravity feed was used giving complete kill within two weeks. (One part defoliant to four parts water used.)

10. 30 mg 67 - The Detachment conducted a fifty (50) drum CS-1 drop vic ET309008 to ET319002 for 2/1. Eight duds resulted from faulty fuse lighters and were destroyed by artillery and sirstrikes. Target was an energy MSR.

11. 15 Sep 67 - The Detachment defoliated HHC bunker line around the base camp perimiter using 1106 and a 2011 from 9hth SAS. Mixture was 1:1 and kill resulted in two days.

12. 15 Sep-20 Sep 67 - II Campbell visited 1st Infantry Division at Dian, 9th Infantry Division at Bearcat and USIRV Readquarters. Valuable information concerning Chemical employment and RTD usage was obtained. Seven "smiffer" missions were flown with the 1st Division. RTD machines and parts were obtained from General Electric Technical Representatives at USIRV Headquarters. USIRV Chemical officer, INC Adams, promised to include the 196th Lt Inf Rte in more ENSURE Itom allocations.

22 Sep 67 - The Detachment defoliated the base camp perimiter of 2/1 vic Hill 69 and in Tan bridge. Kill occured within twenty-four (24) hours using 1:1 ratio and 1106s and a 790...

11. 22 Sep 67 - Sniffer mission was flown west of 3/21 AO resulting in mineteen (19) hotspoys. One VC KLA (P) was obtained by escorting gunships when he fixed on smiffer ship. We ther was good and artillery fixed on hotspots for next two days.

uest of 2/1 AC vic BS2098 and BTh507. Seventy-one (71) hotspots were recorded and received fifty (50) rounds 50 Cal fire plus unknown rounds 30 caliber fire. Hight gunship team engaged and artillery plus airstrikes were called on position vic Bt3002 for four days. Theny was a Pattalian of 21st WW. regiment. Weather good.

16. 26 Sep 67 - Sniffer mission flown west of 3/21 AO. ..res consisted of valleys and ridgelines out as for as BS3393 but not returned. Located enemy MSR north of Tre Bong. This was lst mission using a FAC and his thorough knowledge of area and on call firemotion offered accuracy not previously possible. Team for sniffer missions

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consists of EdC, UHLD rescue ship, UHLD smiffership and light gun team.
Located eighty-five (85) hotspots. Leawher good.

27. 29 Sep 6? - Smiffer mission flows west of 2/1 and ridgeline west of 40 Leopard. This mission was flown twenty (20) kilometers west of 40 Leopard. Located 120 hotspots revealing HSRs and enemy base complecation. Area too for away to be fired on by artillery.

18. 30 Sep 67 - The Detachment conducted a twenty (20) drum CS-1 drop vic ET265029 to ET250131 on a smiffer energy location. a secondary explosion occurred at ET265033 and two (2) duds resulted.

19. Ol Oct 67 - Smiffer mission flows on ridgeline west of AO leopard producing forty-six (h6) hetspots. Revealed enemy HSRs which had been followed for two weeks. Mission followed by artillery HAI. Leather good.

20. Oh Oct 67 - Smiller mission flown in 2/1 40 and ridgeline west of 10 Leo and. Custing winds to twenty (20) knots prevented accurate reldings. Received a few rounds small arms fire vic BTh404 but was too close to village to return fire.

21. Oh Oct 67 - The Detachment conducted a twenty (20) drum CS-1 drop vic BSh679hh and ISh7h9hh on a known enemy base camp location in 3/21 AO. Four duds resulted but area was covered.

22. 06 Oct 67 - II Comptell instructed MAJ Day, CO of CAP and CAG units in Chu Iai (Marine) on the use of E8 launchers. Gave them twenty-seven (27) launchers for use in CAP compounds for defense.

23. 10 Oct 67 - Sniffer mission flown west of 40 Leopard with few signifficant hotspots. Artillery fixed on hotspot locations. Weather good.

24. 10 Oct 67 - Sniffer mission flown west of 40 Leopard in late evening to determine validity of intelligence report of mortar threat. Ten hotspots recorded and received ten (10) rounds small arms fire that was returned by gunships. Throat proved inconsequential.

25. 13 Oct 67 - Sniffer mission flown in a0 of 2,1, 1/1 and west of AO Leopard. Fifteen (15) hotspots received just outside 2/1 aC. Artillery fired on hotspot and ground troops in ared received small arms fire from area of readings. Scather good.

26. 13 Oct 67 - Two drums of CS-1 were dropped from a UHD to test our point detonating fuse. The fuse activated in both cases but in one drum the demolitions were improperly placed and did not explode. A fuse lighter was also used as a back up to insure proper detonation.

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27. 16 Oct 67 - Snifter mission flows west of 2/1 and 3/21 LOs. Due to winds of twenty (20) knots no accurate results could be obtained.

23. 17 Oct - LT Campbell and SPC Jenkins visited 1 Co., 3/21 at their field location to instruct them on proper seeding of tunnels for terrin denial. 35-1 usage in 1/31 has proved extremely effective and 3/21 desired to learn the technique.

29. 19 Oct 67 - The Detachment conducted second in a series of tests on the point detanating filse. Ten drums of SS-1 were dropped with 100% detanation. This fuse has proved perfect and solved a large problem of effective SS-1 coverage.

30. 21 Oct 67 - Sniffer mission flow on ridgeline west of AO Leopard inside PAOR. - utomatic we pons fire was received vic DSAA6988 and three (3) hotspots in area. Delfunctioning of LPDs aborted rest of the mission. Winds strong but three readings valid. Cumships and artillery placed fire on the area and a IR 2 was inserted

31. 21 Oct 67 - The Determent conducted a CS-1 granede drop in conjunction with a village sweep via BI305115. Four hundred granedes were dropped on the upwind side of the village thile troops swept the area. All troops, 3 Co, 2/1, were wasked and the CS covered the area.

32. 22 Oct 67 - The Detechment tunnel instruction and clearing term cleared ten (10) tunnels via 37305115 for 3 Co, 2/1. Instruction was also given as to tunnel destruction and denial.

33. 22 Oct 67 - sniffer mission was flown west of 2/1 .0 in valleys there. Sixty-tro hotspots were recorded even with winds up to fifteen knots. Winds prevented accurate location of hotspots. -rtillery fixed on results.

34. 23 Cet 67 - sniffer mission was sirberne but just as it started the F was called away to a unit in contact.

35. 25 Oct 67 - . sniffer mission was flown west of 3/21 .. O over suspected enemy Maks. Eventy (20) hotspots were recorded and automatic veryons fire was received via 33207963 and was returned by bunships resulting in four (4) VO ML. (F).

36. 30 Oct 67 - IT Compbell went to USIAV Chemical Conference as representive of the 196th Lt Inf Ede. The conference was an exchange of ideas among all the units presently in AVI. The 196th It Inf Ede presentation dealt with the point detenating fuse and was well received.

(c) During the reporting period list dary 2. Samplell served as Detachment commander and Brigode Chemical Officer. The Detachment was minus three (3) TOE slots one (1) 26, 54240 and two (2) 25s, 54240.

#### o, Intelligence:

#### (1) General:

(a) Throughout the reporting period enery forces which are located in the Frigade TACR and immediate adjacent areas generally avoided large scale contacts with the 196th Lt Inf Edo except on the 24th and 20th of September when the 2/11 102 to the north, gained contact with company size units of the 3rd Regiment, 2nd HVA Division and caused heavy Contacts with squads and reinlosses to the Horth Vistnamese Companies forced squads were common place during the past minty days. There were four morter attacks conducted against Brigade units, are against Brigade units, one against the Chu Iai Defense Command, and four small mortar attacks conducted on Binh Son District Hq and PF in the vicinity of Binh Son. In response to the Government of Vietnam Mational Elections, the Viet Cong intensified their propaganda and terrorist activities during the last five days of August, and the first five days of September. Despite the Viet Cong efforts 85 - 90% of the population in the Arigade TAOR turned out to vote on the 3d of September. Operation Benton, the Drigades most successful operation since arriving in Chu Lai, resulted in 87 VC KIA (BC), 4 POl's and 25 individual weapons captured.

(b) Energy activities were generally confined to guerrilla type activities including harassing, fires, emplacement of mines and booby traps along roads, trails, and other likely evenues of approach. During the reporting period there were a total of 445 VC initiated incidents, including 274 incidents of harassing fire, and 147 incidents of aircraft receiving small arms or automatic weapons fire. A total of 30 incidents occurred where energy emplaced mines resulted in US casualties or damage/destruction of equipment. Approximately 117 mines were recovered. There were 20 incidents of booby traps causing casualties to Brig'de personnel, and a total of 80 booby traps devices were recovered. The number of mines and booby traps found during this period rose significantly, continuing a trend which began during the month of June. Four persons were injured by mines and booby traps in September than in any other month.

(c) Viet Cong personnel and equipment losses for the

period were: '

1 VC KIL (EC 2 VC KIL (P) 3 VC POH	) 274 HVA KIÁ (EC)=74 280 HVA KIÁ (P)= 21 19 HVA POV = . 3
VC KI. (P) VC PON Individual Served Von Servin and	6: Crew pons 76 Rice 11.59 tons
5 Grain and 6 Returnees 7 VC Base Ca Discovered	. 5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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#### (2) Significant Viet Cong Initiated Incidents:

- (a) On 051235 August, the 1st Platoon, 2 2/1 Ini observed 1 VC standing at the mouth of a cave at vic BS525895. 1 US soldier maneuvered to the mouth of the cave and was suddenly grabbed and pulled into the cave. During the hand to hand combat that ensued, 1 of 2 VC who were sleeping in the cave, became startled and fled from the cave and subsequently was killed by the patrol outside. The US soldier throw the Viet Cong to the ground, moved out of the cave and throw a grenade into the cave resulting in 2 VC KIA (20). 1 US carbine was also captured during the encounter.
- (b) On 080105 august, an unidentified VC platoon attacked a Revolutionary Development team at My Yen New Life Harlet at E5599917 from the southwest with SA, AW and hand grenades. ND team returned fire and the VC fled east northeast. Artillery fired illumination and HE in support. 1 RD KHA, 4 RD HHA, 10 VH civilians killed and 18 civilians wounded, resulted from the engagement. VC casualties were unknown.
- (c) On 080145 August, an estimated 40 VC entered Muoc Meu Lamlet at BS5776970 and burned all the buildings that US troops frequent. The Viet Con Cuerrillas carried 500's, carbines and hand grenades. The VC had set up an estimated 3-5 lb charge of C4 with blasting cap along side the road at BS577965. (Possible amough site for reaction force). 5 civilians were killed, 6 wounded and 4 PF were also wounded.

  1 VC was killed during the incident.
- (d) On 081050 August, Platoon leader, lat Platoon, C 1/14 Inf went outside perimeter of 18296134 to relieve himself and was approached by 2 VC, 1 armed with a SiG, the other a knife. The Viet Cong. attempted to take the platoon leaders, map and weapon. During the fight with the VC, he was stabled in the arm and leg. The VC fled south as the platoon leader fired at them. His platoon pursued the VC and found the blood stained knife, but nothing further.
- (e) On 180945 August, at BS543918 G Troop,2/11 ACR received 350 rds of SA and 20 rds M-79 from 200 meters north and south from estimated reinforced VC platoon. Fire was returned with heavy SA and AU fire and the area was checked with negative findings. At 1020 hrs, while returning to the Troop CP the unit received 10 rds of SA and 10 rds II-79 at RS555918. Fire was returned and the area was checked with a negative findings.
- (f) On 191415 August, 2nd plateon, C 1/14 Inf located at ET274117 received SA fire from 100 meters southeast. Returned fire, swept area and found 3 VC KIA (BC), 1 AK 147, 1 M-14, and & rbine. Several blood trails led to a hooteh where 1 VC was seen running. The plateon engaged him resulting in 1 VC KIA (BC). Then the unit, fixed into the hooteh causing a secondary explosion which wounded 3 US (Evac). 2 VC KIA (BC) were found in the hooteh. 8 heavy blood trails were found in the area for 8 VC KIA (P).

hit in the oil line from enery ground fire at TS748782, which caused the aircraft to make a forced landing. It us exited to secure the copter, and at approximately the same time 2 unknown type rounds exploded beside the aircraft. The pilot immediately took off, unknowingly leaving h us on the ground. The pilot circled the area and received heavy ground fire resulting in 1 door gumner WM. The copter landed at Duc Pho and gunships went to extract the 4 soldiers. A ROKMO FAC directed air strikes while a USAC helicopter extracted 3 of the soldiers. 196th Rde helicopter, Charger 91h fired suppressive fire along with a Marine helicopter during the extraction. 3/21 Inf sent a reaction force to extract the US WMA at 1810 hrs. Assault aircraft received ground fire as they flew into the LZ. The WMA was extracted and the reaction force lifted out with no casualties. Cunships and swift books fired suppressive fires during the extraction.

(h) On 201205 August, C 1/14 Inf found an H-23 helicopter in river vic BT269123. The aircraft was pointed out by a returnee. The copter was the 196th Lt Inf Bde AVI H-23 that went down at an unknown location on 18 June 67, with 2 officers and 1 lst Sgt aboard. Co C rec'd SA and AI fire as they attempted to appreach the aircraft in the river. Later in the afternoon a UHID, Charger 91h rec'd AVI fire from ET264122. Gunships assaulted the enemy location and rec'd ground fire from ET262 125. An airstrike was directed into the area, during which one fighter rec'd an unknown number of hits from an enemy location vic ET231123. Results of the friendly fire were 9 VC KBA (BC), and 10 VC KBA (P). The H-23 was lifted from the location, and investigation showed numerous holes in the underside of the aircraft, however, the copter appeared to have made a safe landing. The three persons on the chopper are listed as missing in action.

(i) On 211000 August, B 1/14 Inf rec'd heavy AV fire from ET275078 and ET272073. Fire was returned, gunships and TAC air supported in the engagement. Area check revealed the following items: 2 huts at ET275077 contained 2 model 1911 shotguns, 1 US Carbine, 2 SKS, 3 Soviet carbines, 2 shotgun barrels, 400 rounds Soviet 7.62 ammo, 50 AP rines, 40 M-79 rds, misc booky trap equipment and misc weapons parts. 2 VC KIA (BC) were found in the area. No unit identification.

(j) On 251845 August, C 1/14 Inf located 3 huts and a cave at BT260115 and engaged 11 armed VC in the base area resulting in 7 VC KIA (BC), and 4 weapons captured. Co C moved to the cave, heard movement and voices inside the cave, and threw a grounde in resulting in 4 VC KIA (BC). The unit destroyed the cave. The following items were captured by the unit: 1 M1 rifle, 2 NAS 36, 1 Mossin Magant sniper rifle w/scope, 3 rds 45 Cal ammo, 4 ponchod 1 US survival kit, 1 pair of Air Force sunglasses with name K-Lemmons (missing pilot of H-23 found by C 1/14 Inf), 3 red scarves, 1 radio part, 1 pistel belt with canteen, documents, 1 VC gas mask, 7 harmocks, and 6 small shoulder patches with K1Q Thang 9 on them. No unit identification was made.

(k) On 300040 August, approximately 40 rds of 60 and 82 mm mortar rds landed at BT574033 in the 161st AVM, area lst rds ...

landed near fuel bladders damaging 2, then the rounds were shifted in a westerly direction, then a southerly direction to ET575029 vicinity bunker860. An AFC from 2/11 AGR received a direct hit resulting in 1 US KAL and 1 US WAL. A tunk AFC and Tower 82 engaged mortar firing positions vicinity ET571023 and ET577023. Cosualties were evacuated at 0215 hours. Counter-mortar program was effected at 300050 hours. 1 soldier from 101st ARI Bde was also slightly wounded. C 3/21 Inf found tracks leading south into Thang in.(2). Eumerous VC flags, w/red top, blue bottom and yellow star in the middle were found in vicinity of ET507013. 160mm mortar rd was found at ET571018 and 1 dud 82mm rd was found at ET571021.

- (1) On Oholl5 September, the CP 1/14 Inf received 30-35 ids 60mm morter vie ET3921h2, 100 meters south of their perimeter. 3/16 Arty observed morter flashes 1500 meters south and engaged with. 50 cal NO, 81mm morter and arty fired sweeping counter-morter into grids B T395125, BT395132, south to BT 392125. No casualties and area checked by D 1/14 Inf revealed 19 craters 100-400 meters south of hill 5h. Exact morter positions were not located.
- (m) On 150645 September, the 1st Plat, A h/31 Inf enroute to Phu Long sent 2 point men across the road to check woodline at
  PS670965. Both men were en aged by Viet ong hiding in underbrush resulting in 1 US KH. and 2 US FM and the loss of 1 kHh w scope and 1
  M.6. Ist Plat engaged 1 VC w/M79 fire resulting in 1 VC KH (BC).
  Another VC booby trapped the body w/s grenade prior to their withdrawal.
  Decbytrap destroyed. Search of are, revised 1 hand grenade, 2 amme
  pouches, batteries, flashlight, composite, expended M1 and M16 cartridges,
  documents and camera w/film. No information of significant where were
  extracted from the document.
- (n) On 220155 September, F 2/11 ACR received 15-20 rounds 82mm morter form 200 meters west vic 17181362 resulting in 17 USIC W.L. I sailor UH., 1 soldier from 2/11 ACR UM., 2 dump trucks, 2 M38 jeeps, 1 front end loader, 1 lube trailer, and 1 jeep radio were partially damaged. 35 rounds 4.2 mortar and 28 rounds 15 artillery fired in retrum. 82mm fins were found inside the perimeter. 4 base plate impressions, aiming stakes, and 16 freshly dug foxholes were found at the above mentiond location.
- (o) On 201015 September, while checking area vic MT167377 for possible enemy location F 2/11 ACR received AN and RP G-2 1. fire from the west resulting in a direct hit by RPG-2 on 1 APC causing 2 NHA and6 UNA 9evac). The Septembers fired on area. G & F Troop maneuvered toward the enemy location. By 1707 hrs, the unit has sustained another US KHA and 7 more ULA. 2015 hrs, units from 2/11 ACR surrounded in estimated 75 VC dug in. Artillery colled on location and heavy contact continued until 250510 hrs u/flereships over the area. Results were 48 NMA KHA (BC), 1 det ince, 6 individual veapons, 5 crow served weapons, 2 beyonets, 1000rds ammo rd, and 1 RPG-2. The NVA unit was a company from the 3rd NTA Acgs.

behind Ptl obs 5-6 VC around i carp fire 200 meters west. As the unit approached the enemp position the VC scattered, and 1 VC ran into the pointman and was captured. The suspect stated that Viot Gong were located at Thoung Nor and Phu Long (3) Namlets. 2nd Plat 3 1/31 Inf sustained 2 US WHM at Thuong Non Namlet; at 030945 hours, when a handgrenade was thrown from a spider hole. The platoon engaged the VC in the spider hole with Si fire resulting in 3 VC KIL ) PC), and 1-38 Smith and Wesson pistol captured. D 1/31 Inf went to Phu Long Hamlet (3) at 031045 hrs found a tunnel containing 1 ton of rice. Ricewas evacuated and tunnel destroyed.

(q) On 0502h5 October, at BS59h93h 2 ACAV's from C
1/h CAV and 2 sqds of Inf from 3/21 Inf received h mortar rds, 75 meters
from their perimeter to southwest CAP L-6 and L-2 obs flashes at BS59h922.
At 0305 hrs. unit received 200 rds SA fire from 200 meters southwest.
At 0h15 hrs. received 20 rds SA from the same area. In both easesfire
was returned w/S. and AI fire. At 0550 hrs ACAV's on Western side of
bridge received 300 rds SA from 300 meters south. Fire was returned
ofter which the CAV unit moved to the Binh Son bridge to support the
PF's who were in contact there. 3 VC were engaged resulting in 3 VC
KIA (BC) and 2 AT mines and 1 AP mine were found and destroyed.

(r) On 070805 October, E,F and H Troops, 2/11 .Cl. received h0-50 rounds S. fire from the south resulting in 2 US WEL(evac). Fire was returned with SA. At 0900 hrs vic ET242h10 E Troop observed 4 VC with versons 400 meters east and engaged them with SA & AV fire. FIC in the area received energy ground fire from ET237410. At 1020 hrs, gunships engaged 10-12 VC at ET238411 resulting in 2 VC KIA (EC), 1 VC KIA(P) and 1 wounded VC, captured. At 1125 hrs F 2/11 ACR received 5 rds Sa and returned the fire w/Sa and AW. At 1126 hrs F Troop sustained 1 %S'KHA from a hostile booby trap (evac). At 1227 hrs vic ET213425 F.C observed 1 VC dragging a body east along a train where F Troop had initially engaged the Viet wong. Results 1 VC KI. (P). No unit identification.

(s) On 170815 October, it BS637954 the 3rd Plat, D h/31 Inf observed and engaged 7 VC 400 meters west with S. fire, resulting in 3 VC KI. (C) and 3 wounded VC females captured with the following reapons: 1 US carbine, and 2 Mossin Nagants. Wounded VC evacuated to 2/1 surg. 1 VC KIA was wearing a holstor. Checked area revealed heavy blood trail resulting in 1 VC KIA (P).

(t) On 210800 October, at BS 580914 3rd Plat . 3/21 Inf while conducting a sweep, received 1 HG from 4 VO resulting in 2 US FI. (evac). 3 VC, 2 of which were females were captured, and 1 VC was engaged with S. resulting in 1 VC KI. (BC). The unit captured 1 HI rifle, 1 HI carbine and 1 SIG, 53 rounds Si, 1 homemade HG, and 2 magazines; all were evac to 52 196th Edc. Dog Tracker team and 1st Platoon at BS562913 found 2 homemade satchel changes and 4 VH female in the area. Satchel charges destroyed and the 4 VN were evacuated to POJ cage.

(u) On 211931 October, at IS 130109 a RY security platoon emposed an estimated 12 VC trying to infiltrate perimeter. A fire fight ensued resulting in 7 VC KIA (DI). Captured: 12t 19, 2 SMI, 1 Carbine, 2 AK 17 regarines, 2 pistol belts, 5 M archa khaki military jacket and 1 PO! from khung Maon village was evec to by Tin. 3 PF were wounded during the engagement.

- (v) On 302310 October, 3/1 C.V Heliport.vic ET 505130 received 40-50 rounds 6mm morter rounds, Groundettackwas simultaneous with S., Af and III. Satchel charges were placed under 25 acit resulting : in 4 helicoptors destroyed and 11 damaged. 7 US from 3/1 CLV were wounded. 1 RFG-2 round, 4 Chicom HG and 15 satchel charges were found and destroyed. VC withdres west toward CiP K-Is position. PF from K-1 engaged VC who were flesing pist their positions vie BT 489139, resulting in 4 VC KLi. (EC), and 1 M captured. 2 M were KHA. PF also captured 1 AK 47, like rifle, 1 Chicom MG, and an assortment of web equipment. 1 holster and a bipod for a 60mm mortar were also captured during a starch of the arca. VC HI stated that 40 VC landed at Fish Island vc HT 492138, and remained until 2200 hrs. 6 boats landed at Ky Hoa Island vic Bi 492138 and set up mortar positions at BT 500139 and 1 other position at BT 503134 Piwas a member of 71st morter company 70th Bn, 21st Regt. His statement as to the circumstances of attack were confirmed by the units on the ground soorch.
- (3) Heather generally favored friendly operations throughout the period even though the mensoon season was approaching. Temperatures generally ranged from 70 degrees to 94 degrees. Several heavy thundershowers were experienced during the period. One electrical storm caused heavy damage to two Bn CP areas and temporarily knocked out communications in the Brigade ToC. Another three day storm caused most of the waterways to overflow and flood substantial partions of the T.O.R. Cloud cover, en manny occasions, limited air support and the collection of intelligence information by airborne sensors. Ground fog and haze became increasingly heavy in the mountains during the night and early morning hours.
- (h) Terrain in the area consists of coastal plains and isolated hills. Further west of the T.C.R. are the heavily nountainous area, which contain double and triple canopy jungle. The road network in the area is adequate; however, the numerous streams and paddy lands restrict cross-country travel throughout the TACR. Except in the isolated areas in the extreme western portion of the TACR, where the isolated hills and mountains begin, aerial observation is excellent. In those areas of dense vegatation, aerial observation is limited due to the natural concealment. Ground observation and fields of fire vary from excellent to unsatisfactory depending on terrai, contours, hedgerows, the small hillocks and many gullies which are characteristic of the area.
- (5) The Long Range Reconnaissance Detachment maintained two OP sites (Hill 213 and Hill 707), provided two six-man ambushes for a period of three days, and undertook 27 ground reconnaissance missions. From I August 1967 to 31 October 1967. Ear a full discussion of IRRP employment and tactics in the 196 Infantry Brigade (Light) (Separate) see IRRP after Combat Interview published by the office of the Brigade Historian 7 August 1967. Ground recon mission reports summarized to show specifics of each patrol are as follows:

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(a) M.M.: 3-5 Lug 67 MONITON: MT3908/1010

TENTE: Five boys and one girl (wordcutters) walked into ERP's position on third day. ID can's checked out okay.
Toom compressed. 3-2 had team entracted.

(b) Diff 3-6 lng 67 10017108: 183597/3799

MESULTS: Found old VC harbor site vic MESS8973. Howel to HESE7971 and heard voices. Galled arty but were out of 155 range. Howel into arty range on a 30 Åz. Conved directrike on same Az. IREP found trail that lead into valley at court IS 358976. Observed along trail bundles made up of stakes 1-3 inches in diameter and 10-12 feet long. Noved to harbor site and heard noises from valley. No observations. 6 Ång 67 IREP got 0" arty to sheet in valley. Fad peer coverage but noises coased. Having to IZ site, IREP received 1 round of heavy caliber fire. No friendly easualities.

(e) DITE: 7-10 lug 6? 1001.TICH: 331590/1/792

RESULTS: Observed h lights at hh5696 on Az. of 60° and 270° thirty exters away. Heard reverent in our vicinity from 072100 Aug-080300 Aug 67. Observed h-5 trails and 2 old campling sites between BShh9693 and Esh56902. 9 Aug 67 observed 3 civilians taking water buffalo to paldy to graze. No friendly casualties.

(d) DATE: 9-12 leg 67 IOTATION: BSh787/4886

RISHES: 10 Aug 67 observed IF firing into woodline of grid ISA3863. Observed airstrike of grid ISA38618 and enother at ESS38667 on 5 VC in open. Had no KIA's or WIL's. Friendly forces in AO talked to villagers. Inter, villagers were stopped at grid BSA988 by 30 HVA or possibly VC wearing gray uniforms armed with H-1. Confiscated 15 ID eards. It hug 67, observed MAC directing gunships ontarget BSA65863. Observed fire mission BS501840, 5 VC in open, 1 KIA confirmed. Observed fire mission at 457781. Talked to CIDG SCT Phoung of Tre Bon Valley and got report of many VC in area and road being mined from grid BSA5889 to BSA20821. Received sniper fire upon extraction. Ho friendly casualties.

(e) D.TE: 14-17 Aug 67 LOCATION: BT4104/1;306

RESULTS: 151310 Aug 67 observed 1 VC running into grass but or cave from ETh220h7 Az. 70°. VC left with weapon. 151315-2 more VC entered and emerged with what appeared to be scribnes. FAC called arty and hit where 1 VC had run. 1 possible VC KIA. 151300 - observed 2 VC carrying 1 rifle and 1 mortar tube. Request fire mission but was demied because of FFs in the area. IRRP unable to observe further.

1900 hrs, observed arty, tracers and heard AV fire at BTh38030. 16 Aug directed 3 tanks to location where 8 persons were hiding in woodline at BTh40045. 17 Aug, heard voices and movement note harbor site. Called arty and adjusted it within 100 meters of harbor site. Heard fire fight BTh52038. 171310, contact with estimated VC squad. Received AI fire, 14-79, and haid fragmentation groundes from IRRP position on Az. of 60 and range approx 10 meters. Returned fire with approx 800 rds H=16, 28 rds H=79, 22 fragmentation hand groundes, 1 VP grounde, and 2 claymore mones. Heard movement to rear and threw 3 fragmentation groundes on

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240°. Called arty in on location of attack with good coverage for 100 meters. 1325 moved out to area where fire had come from to look for bodies. Found 2 drag trails and smelled odor of abdominal wound just beyond claynore site. Called for extraction and request was granted. One can went to take in the one recaining claynore and found it had been turned to the direction of our OP. Ho friendly casualties.

(f) Dite: 18-21 aug 57 1202ition: 674205/4304

RESULTS: Observed activities of friendlies, air, and arty strikes. Setted VC but arty impossible because of nearby civilians. 202055 ...g, see lights with definite a ttern at 290° and distance of 2500 meters. Called arty (battery 3 rds), observed large secondary explosion and lights went out. Ho friendly casualties.

(g) DATE: 22-25 Aug LO ATION: Vic of BTh08037.

RESELTS: 22 aug, Effl2039, found knap-sack, at Eff08037 IRRF found approx 20 foxholes, homemade bomb, marijuma butts. It 10850385, IRRF found 4 rows of punji stakes and 1 cleaning rod. Observed airstrike at Eff28033. 24 aug 67 at Eff31016, observed another airstrike. He friendly casualties.

(h) DITE: 28-30 lug 57
LOCATION: MT3806/4004
RESULTS: Had poor commo, losing it completely several times. 29 lug used FAC as a relay. Heard movement but no sightings. Louches and especially thick jungle made movement rougher

(i) DATE: 28-31 Aug 67 LOCATION: ET3903/4101

and slower than usual. Ho friendly camualties.

Then IRRP resched carry, vegetation was so thick knives were used to cut the way. A scout dog from the scout dog plateon which had dropped IRIP off was good at picking out the easier routes of travel which made the march easier. One IRRP member was evacuated because of an injured eye on 29 Aug 67. IRRP observed in valley BT375001-382012 15 lights of an estimated force of 30 people. The closest light came within 50 meters of IRRP but team was undetected. A ty was not called because team leader figured that it would compromise his position. 30 Aug 67 set up concentrations and observed 1 VC with weapon at BT3805105 called for arty but cancelled mission when movement occured near IRRP position. Checked out the area and found movement had been made by an animal. Meanwhile, VC disappeared. He friendly casualties.

(j) DATE: 1-4 Sep 67 LOCATION: BS4897/5095

RESULTS: 2 Sep 67 observed F.C Tiring rockets at grid BSh9h926 and airstrike at B Sh69 50. Heard movement that night and called illumination. Saw nothing, 3 Sep 67 found a non-emerican elected, canvas-topped boot at BSh95956 and 1 .hs pistol, Si 2180657 at grid h36960. h Sep 67 received sniper fire upon extraction. After LRRP was clear of area, escorting gunships raked envire area with heavy volume of fire.

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(k) D.TE: 1-4 Sep 67 IOC.TICH: 3T4104/4302

RESULTS: 1 Sop 67 at grid coord ETh21028 IRAP found 3h rifle cartridges 30.66 with markings IC 6h, match in a Marine ammo pouch. Meard heavy firing for 20 minutes at ETh20h7 on 4z. 225 2000 neters west. Consisted of 30 and 50 caliber NG fire along with M-60 fire. LRRP team leader wounded (NEI) while clearing LZ and evacuated to 2nd Surg Hospital. Team was extracted as scheduled with no further injuries.

(1) D.TE: 4 Sep 67
LOCATION: BT3407/B605
RESULTS: IRRY failed to establish commo and was extracted same day as insertion.

(m) DATE: 7 Sep 67
LOCATION: DT380h/4002
RESULTS: Strong unidentified Vietnamese station
was on LRAF frequency. LRAF tried every way possible to get commo with
base but failed and was extracted same day as insertion.

(n) N.TE 9-10 Sep 67
LCCATION: ES4893/5091
RESULTS: LRRP had poor commo and no observations.
Requested extraction because only place LRRP had commo was in an emposed position. LRRP denied extraction because of difficulty two times. After explairing situation to S-2, team was extracted. No friendly casualties.

(o) D.TE: 10-13 Sep 67

LOCATION: BF380h/h002

RESULTS: mirstrike observed at BF3570h5. The usual NAI fire heard. Ho enemy movement observed night or day. Extracted with no friendly casualties.

(p) DATE: 13-14 Sep 67
LOCATION: DS4898/5096
RESULTS: IRR. found 4 booby-traps and a firing mechanism of an M-2 grenade. Three of the booby-traps consisted of Chicom grenades with tripwire set-ups. The fourth was in a group of boulders with a special arrangement of small facks piled over them, to cause them to detonate them. All the booby-traps seemed to be marked by a combination of three rocks near each trap release. 14 Sop, one team member bitten by reptile that left fong marks. Dustoff came for injured, leaving a four-man team. Team was extracted immediately after dust-off left. As slicks went in to get IRR; a ganchip opened up. As IMRP was lifted off, door gunners of slick opened up. Che had spetted three VC coming up slope near IRRP's former position.

(q) D.TE: 16 Sep 67
LOCATION: BShh98/4696
RESULTS: LRRF had no commo after insertion at
BSh54967. Moved 400 meters and tried again with negative results. Fic
was used. IRRP set up a field expedient antenna and tried gotting commo

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with Hill 707 (relay). IREF could receive, but transmissions, to include breaking of squelch worenot received by the relay team on Hill 707. IREF extracted same day with no friendly casualties.

(r) DATE: 18-21 Sep 67.

LCCATICH: BT4902/5100

RESULTS: IRRP found 1 campfire site at FT508015.

20 Sep, IRRP heard small-arms fire and automatic fire on Az. of 135° and called a fire mission at 514001. No friendly casualties.

(s) DITE: 22-25 Sep 67

IOCATION: 4496/4694

RESULTS: No enemy sightings. Good LZ. No findings. No problems with commo.

(t) DATE: 23-25 Sep 67
LOCATION: ET3L05/3603
RESULTS: No observations or findings. No friendly.

(u) DATE: 27-30 Sep 67

LOCATION: ETH702/4900

RESULTS: IRRP found a natural cave at coord.

ETH78005. Cave was 6' high, 3' wide, and 15' long in one section and 6' high, 3' wide, and 25' long in the other section. Cave had 2 exits.

IRRP search in and around cave but no signs of VC were discovered. At ETH84006 IRRP found an anti-personnel mine (mine was taken back to base camp). IRRP arrived at ETH83013 and were told to pull back because of a 2/1st ambush being set up nearby. IRRP noved to ETH83009 a safe distance from ambush. Extraction took place at ETH85016. No friendly casualties.

casualties.

(v) DATE: 5-6 Oct 67

LOCATION: BTh603/4901

RESULTS: IRCP moved from LZ approximately 150

meters, heard noises from the west, and made a security stop. Unknown
number of personnel were moving down trail 25 ft. from location of IRRP.

Later more revenent discovered in same area. IRRP investigated and found
a well camoflaged rest area and complex of trails. IRRP stayed at BT4705

Olho for night. 6 Oct, IRRP set up ambush on trail junction but got
negative results. Moved out at BT47350105, IRRP observed 20 VG moving
east at BT46750005 wearing black PJs and green uniforms. Observed 2

PALS and 2 carbines. Called arty when they stopped, arty was cif. VC
left. Called same fire mission again using same corrections. This time
guns were on target but no VC KIA of WIA resulted. Weather was zerozero. IRRP requested permission to move to 2/1st area by foot on extraction date. Permission granted. No friendly casualties.

(W) DATE: 9-11 Oct 67
ICCATION: ETHOO8/4205
RESULTS: IER: observed numerous fresh footprints
(VK size). 2/ls t had air and artillery strikes going into IRRP's cleared AO followed by an infantry sweep. Hasty (2/lst) had IRRP moving with

disregard to safety precautions. The artillery strike was cancelled but the air strike was brought in anyway with bomb shrapnel hitting trees in IRRP's position and almost hitting the ATL. After the bombs IRRP was ordered to move out through the brush, again paying no heed to patrol security and risking running into booby-traps. Cunships were coming in to strafe the area and IRRP had 15 minutes to clear the area. After troops landed, TL called in and gave sitrep, direction of travel and proposed destination. Also checked to see if IMM fire would be in IRRP AO. No HAI fire scheduled but IRRP began receiving May rounds above and around their position. IRRP was told that check fire had been called but rounds continued to come. Rammer 9 was contacted by 65 and firing ceased. Timber 6 (F/17 Cav CO) was notified by IRRP and promised a thorough investigation. Il Oct, IRRP extracted after consulting medic about one ill team member. I morphine syrett was lost during airstrike. Medics were notified. Extraction completed with no friendly casualties.

(x) DATE: 16-19 Oct 67 LOCATION: BTL801/BS5099

RESULTS: Cunships received fire before insertion. Cunships sprayed area and team was inserted with no further incident. IRRP observed 3/21 elements making a heliborne assault on second day. He further observations. Extracted with no friendly casualties.

(y) DATE: 22-25 Oct 67 LOCATION: ET3506/3803

RESULTS: IRRP found a man-mode hole at BT3610hh 6' X 10' X 10' deep with 2 logs across each end. Locked unused and only leaves were inside. IRRP heard 15 shots spaced about 20 minutes apart about 1200 meters away on an AZ of ho. At extraction point IRRP found one set of foot tracks (size six). IRRP extracted with no further observations and no friendly casualties.

(z) DATE: 22-25 Oct 67

ICCATION: BSh598/BTh801

RESULTS: IRRP found main trail near BSh69995 to
be well used. Trail ran east to west. IRLP had trouble pinpointing
location because of map not conforming to terrain and difficulty to seeing
through triple canopy. FAC was called after IRRP called several fire
missions for Nav. rounds. After FAC found IRRP it took pilot 18 minutes
to plot IRRP position because of non-conforming map. IRRP heard 50 cal.
machine gun and automatic weapons firing 320° Az. at 1200 meters on 24
Oct 67. Extracted 25 Oct 67 with no friendly casualties.

(aa) DATE: 27-30 Oct 67 IOCATION: BThhol/BSh699

RESULTS: Inserted at BS456995 and found 5 spider holes, a trail with booby-traps, and fresh foot marks at same location. Heard approx. 50 gong sounds such as a man beating on an anvil. Called arty at BS455995 and received secondary explosion. 28 Oct, heard branches breaking but when patrol stopped noises ceased. Found numerous streams, several well used trails, a small base camp at 463997. Team found six home-made shovels and a marine hat in an enclosed portion of base camp.

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HRRP destroyed showels. IRPP asked for 40 extension but was denied it because of friendly elements operating in proposed extension area.

IRRP found numerous trails and recent VC signs (fetus) at extraction point. 3C Oct 67, IRRP received heavy volume of automatic weapons fire. Gunships engaged VC on ground in a firefight. Had 1 VC confirmed KIA.

Firefight lasted 12 minutes with 3 IRRP personnel still on ground. Chopper finally came in and lifted off remaining team members. No friendly casualties.

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#### de logistics:

- (1) Comments on Dright & Lordsticel status for the months of august; September, and Setaber.
- tion and preparation for the lonsoon person. Ever 3/hrs of a million board feet of lumber was received and issued. For control purposes it was required that units go through the Brigades Engineer's Office to insure hill of Meterials were accurate and complete. It was found havever, that the lag time between ofdering and receipt greatly hampered construction objectives. For this reason the Engineer's new are maintaining a stockage of building materials. They are to do all the ordering for construction materials and control its issue. Since they hold the responsibility for construction they are the best suited to insure proper utilization of supplies for critical projects. This has proven to be a successful way of operation.
- (b) The improved flow of supplies experienced in the previous quarter continued this quarter, lajor and items including Angineer Equipment, Ice Boxes, 12-60 machine guns, etc. greatly improved our Logistic 1 Status.
- (c) Preparation and a study of possible problem area is now being conducted to prepare for auticipated operations. Barrier materials, clothing, and 21 50-901/902 stockage levels are being researched. Communication is the important ingredient in preparation. Visits to supported units and common meetings with S-4's have proven to be very helpful in the determining problem areas and the alleviating of said problems.

#### (2) Supply

#### (a) Class I:

- 1. 1,399,690 WAR Rotions issued during Argust, September and October.
- 2. 236, MAR "Combat Meals" issued during agust, September and October.
- 3. 668,661 Pounds of Potrble Ice issued during August, September and Detober.
- 4. 125,216 Pounds of Vegetables issued during august, September and Catober.
- 5. Ih,780 Pounds of Fruit issued during August,
- 6. 6,579 Gallons of Mee Green issued during august, September and October.

26

#### (b) Class II & IV

l. The list of II & IV items received for this quarter is very extensive. The most not ble are the issuing of construction material, Starlight Romes, Amp Trucks, and III5121 toon Trucks.

. 2. The items in critical demand are as follows:

a. H-138/U Handsets.

COMMUNITARY, A DECOMPTS, IDDEC SHOO, and COMMUNITARY.

During this period both the 1st 3 ottalion, 11th Infantry and the 2nd Batalion, 11th Cav were detached from our support.

#### (c) Class III

l. Starting in October Class III took over the responsibility for the Brigade's Ras Station.

#### 2. Total Issues:

COLE CONTY	D.ILY AVE.A. #E	PERIOD TOTAL
Diesel	146.5	12,605 (31
∷ဝ <u>ဏ</u> ဒ	191,7	16,489 001
75 <b>~</b> ft 70€0 2	11/	11/4
B\.S	i/A	13/24

#### (d) Class V

#### Total Issues:

129:	PEATOD TOTAL
CTO, 5.56M: CKG, 12 G./OO Dulk	1,486,644
CMG, 7.62HI	8570 6µ1, 318
320, 3a1 .45	94,499
Cra, N.L. 50	100,820
gog, homi	72,007
WG, COM	र्भाः
era, sum	28,392
ctg, losim ctg, losim	53,467
•	0 .
CTG; 4.2IN	2577_
ong, Redroig, 1551m	13,584
uig, Proj 155111	11,051

#### (3) Services Mainton nee:

(a) During the period 1 Oct 57 - 30 Oct 67 the maintenance shops received and completed the following jobs:

STOP	as ætvæn	COLPRESS
atomotivo Mintenance	106	94
Artillery	23	23
Šmell irms	1.58	16lı
Signal	311:	293
Mira Control	lılı 🐪	148
Engineers	48	<b>3</b> 5
Sorvice & Evac	238	228
Office Eachines	7	12
. TOT L:	938	<u>897</u>

- (b) This was an increase of 246 jobs received and 244 completed over the previous 30 days. This brought the querterly total to 2362 jobs received and 2193 completed. The heavy rains early in the month of October are considered as the principal cause of the heavy maintenance load. 3/4 for Truck engines, 10% generators engines betteries for bond to Trucks, tires and tubes continue to be the major problem creas. The demand is so great that our Tech Supply is never able to keep a stockage. To alleviate part of the problem the TEMM Supply has increased their stockage level. Our back up support, the 188th Laint In, is doing the same.
- (c) Observation: Continuing heavy rains will place a heavy maintenance and supply burden on the maintenance shops and Tech Supply.

#### (4) Signal Activities:

(a) General: During the period 1 Lugust 1967 thru
31 October, the 196th Infantry Brigade communications personnel supported
from 3 to 5 maneuver battalions. With the adjority of the reporting
period supporting 5 bettalions. ... maximum effort was required for the
maintenance of the base camp facilities and to support Operation Benton
for assigned and attached units. Pacilities available for the 196th
Brigade Communication included.

#### · (b) Redio:

L. FIL. Primary Fil note included within the brigade consisted of command, intelligence, existion, and air medical evacuation (Dustoff). The brigade is also entered in the Americal command, and secure meas. During operation Denton Fil nots continued to be used at the base camp and in addition, radios were provided to the T.C.C. Operations Center for use in the brigade domaind not and intelligence not. Due to land mass interference on Fil not had to be established in order for all stations to maintain Fil communications. At one time during the reporting period, 6-17 September, the communications plateen had the responsibility to support a rifle company (ask Force with 1 Fil radio team.

2. M: During the reporting period the Brigado operated in two division nets-CID Fot #2 (R.TF) and 5th Special Forces SSB Not (Voice).

(c) Radio Forminal and Carrier (VIF): During

tent kids.

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Operation Senten a total of five channels were providen to a ch bastalion switch hore; one sels user circuit from the brigede tectical openitions confor by a security of the desired the security of the conformation of the conforma climitals for provide the enduit which they into the draw as a second condition of the enduited for the enduited for the enduited from the enduit for the enduit for the enduit from the enduit for enduits. to the the secondary of tied in with the Americal Division Melephone System and provided colephone service to all military ideations within-thely opablic of within military service is entensively than vity except Tor Tocal requirements and within a (a) Ochmhickriche Genter Service: . 2h hour commicrtions conter has glass a been offered and well used for new engor and secure toletype sonvices wild to be sold on the secure toletype sonvices and the secure toletype sonvices and the second the more secured to the second toletype sonvices and the second the more secured to the second toletype sonvices and the second the more second toletype sonvices and the second the more second toletype sonvices and the second the more second toletype sonvices and the network through division recliffed for I of the ic was 3600 necesses network through division recliffed border is tied into the world wide network through division accident Support: In order to increase the c effectiveness of he communications personnel, the following changes, were the on 30 amount to the 153 Mignel lateout (Swingraph and Solid responsibility for William Postro World and Solid the International Control of the Control of stalling, operating, and nationality the living alob tear and refer to a contract Tor milde thought the control of the first of the control of the c of theselling, operating and maintaining the brig mio ability evolution beautiful distance ications contor, still meto and 105 survices for the 196th witation.

(5) During this reporting period the 175th Engineer company has continued to support the base camps throughout the Drigado area in constructing rooms, indintended of reads, which red caves and tunnels, producing notable water for the Trightenthin chatteristich of base comps, it times in terrials ind o withhelf were limited intensive assignments of less, the 175th Engineer Company descriptional its assignment were in the alleted time.

(b) 130 Sumber of Germanon's Suilding completed:

a. One hundred and twenty three (123)

L. Tamer of performs building completed:

By Frechts was the Hande Aper. (123)

2. Mumbér or hornandro of bailding under construction and anticipated time of completion:

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CONFINENT

- Dunty thrue (23) tent kits, 20 For 1967. Eight. (8) usrchouses, 20 for 1967.
- "our (4) me's halls, 20 Hev 1967.

Breakdown of materials used:

Comens: 110 lbs. bags (1,350-74 tons).

Tumber: 116,000 board feet.

Mosonite: nonc.

Plywood: 3,300 shoots.

Insulation: none.

#### Le Poschays

a. Four (4) KH Interite road for 4/31 pres. 24 .ugust 1967- 3 September 1967.

b. One point five (1.5) Ki laterite road for 1/1 area, 8 September 1967-22 September 1967.

c. Two (2) Ki road for the 4/31 area, 13 Oct

1967- 20 Oct 1967.

d. One point five (1.5) Kil laterite road for 8th Spt 3n cres, 23 October 1967- 31 October 1967.

5. Tot: 1 grillons of pot ble water produced: 698,075 rullons.

#### (6) Brigade Surgeon

- (a) General Commant on Activities:
- 1. The medical support of the base camp remained accollent during this reporting period.
- 2. Tretical operations were adequately supported throughout this period. We continued to horrow modies from the medical company of the support battalion to saint in proper support for the field units. All companies received excellent medical support.
- (b) Personnel and Supporting Units: has side in facilitating currectiving specific isons the become liason critical from time to time. Our personnel status of the close of this period has been adequate; however, the TOTE slots were never completely Filled. Lickness or injury during this period, if it had been present, . would have definitely curtifled proper medical support.
  - (c) A eventive sed. and Health of the Command:
- 1. Personal hygiana: terminal accollent throughout the command.

- 2. Physical Condition remains excellent.
- 3. Skin and foot disease should a slight increase with the onset of rainy weather. Il Bn Surgeons have initiated timely, definitive treatment so that this presents no problem to the command.
- 4. Stat-halysis of patient hospitalization and evacuation for the period of August to October

MOSPIT.	LE ÆD	EVACTARED	Toril	
Discas	c 1426	կկ8	1891	
I'BI	24	36	60	
TRHI.	28	28	28	

5. The discase rate for this period has not affected the overall fighting strength of the Brigade.

#### (d) Environental Sanitation:

- 1. Supplies for insect and rodent control have been adequate throughout this period.
- 2. There has been adequate supply of potable water, and it has been consisently up to purification standards.
- 3. With the used 926th Proventive Redicine spraying apparatus we have faciletated control of insects. All senitation teams throughout the brigade operated adequately during this period.
  - (e) Other Medical Services:
- l. Dental Facilities- Dental services by the dentist at 7 Co. 8th Spv.
  - 2. Veterinarian: Not applicable.

#### (7) Civil Affairs:

(a) General. The reporting period has sen the development of a cohesive, legical and pro ressive livil iffairs trogram. Thetical commanders, with few exceptions, have given civil affairs a descring priority in all unit planning activities. Coordination with GVI officials has been observed to the fullest degree in an attempt to determine the most profitable employment of all resources and to mutually support the purposes of the GVH Revolutionary Development Program. There has been steady, if slow, pacification progress throughout the TAOR. Tangible evidence of improved pacification is difficult to ascertain and personnel making such evaluations are reluctant to be everly optimistic. This is a sound approach, resulting in more realistic and reliable data. In general, civil affairs and military civic action within this unit are productive. However, there are limiting factors which will continue to hamper civic action sponsored by tactical units. The following examples are cited.

(b) Coordination of military civic action projects requires GVI approval from the hanlot through province levels. The system is cumbersome and results in excessive non-productive time. Cartain coordination is necessary to preclude overlapping and redundant effort. It would appear that the same end result could be achieved with more contealised coordination, either at the district or province level with appropriate direction following, to the lower levels.

l. Supplies for military divide action projects are made available through the CORDS organization. The level of available supplies is not in keeping with command emphasis in supporting this aspect of US offerts in Vietnam. It is apparent that there is more "lip Service" than any other commodity. Vertical building material is non-existent. Obtaining necessary supplies is frequently delayed to the point where local national support of a given project ceases. In other examples, work is begun then terminated prior to completion for lack of supplies. This turn of events elicits more antagonism than if no project had been undertaken. Sponsoring units find it necessary to heard until sufficient supplies are accumulated. Directives specifically prohibit the utilization of US military supplies in such projects, yet this is done and accepted.

2. TOLE authorizations in both personnel and equipment are inadequate. Tactical cormitments take priority, rightfully so over civil affairs activities. The answer is not to "seef up" \$-5 authorizations, but rather to provide greatly increased numbers of specific TOLE type civil affairs organizations in support: i.e. the civil affairs platoon and company. Present approaches are ill-suited to accomplish the task in any realistic time frame.

3. In connection with the previous point, frequent changes in location, 10's and missions of tactical units work adversely on the long range efforts of civil affairs, luch time is required to the trust of the general population through association; again, greatur mumbers of civil affairs units in general support would be more sound.

(c) Community Relations: At present organic battalions have very workable understandings with commensurate GVM levels of government. Commanders and staffs concerned make every reasonable effort to work closely with GVM officials. A number of units sponsor spoken English classes, support churches, orphanages and other local groups, and support and participate in local customs, coronomies and celebrations. The following activities and contributions have taken place during the reporting period.

1. Material Contributions:

6532 lbs of foodstuffs
20 lbs of tea
50 gallons of whole milk
100 gallons of cooking oil
175 lbs of clothing
40 lbs of candy
2 rakes, 17 hoes, 4 machettes and 10 baskets
182 blankets

745 sheets of tin
10 sheets olywood
Six 25 ton truck looks screp lumber
5 tons crop fertilizer
7 rice threshing machines
3 brick machines

### 2. Civic action Projects:

1000 autumn festival kits
1 dispensary repaired
1 new dispensary
1 new school completed
h new schools in progress
7 wells dug
2 churches repaired
2 market places in progress
1 new playground completed
1 foot bridge completed

### 3. Redical Trogram:

hi HEDEVILLS
1640 bers of some
7100 immunizations given by HEDELS
100 health hits
763 HEDELS for 44,682 patients
12 hours nurses! instruction for 5 VI nurses

### 4. Education - Training:

1050 school kits
150 school books
2 gross of chalk
6 hours educational hydical for 500 persons
200 notebooks
1714 hours of English for 3950 students

### 5. Audio Visual Team: 128 hours for 9500 people - 69 showings

6. Other: Under the administration of Meadquarters, III 12. Monies have been made available for the avaiding of scholarships to deserving Tietnemess students. Them as the General Telt Tietnemess Scholarship, amounts of 500 piaster per month, September through December 1967, are awarded to each selected student. The Maigrade, through 3-5 channels and in cooperation with GVI officials, the awarded eighten (18) such scholarships, Only three were awarded in Ly sin District, due to lack of interest of GVI officials. There is to be a continuation of the program for calendar year 1968.

(d) Mactic 1 O erations: Sivil Affairs activities durint tactic 1 operations have been marked by relatively few requirements during the period covered. The primary considerations have been the safety of imnocent divilians, the protection of personal property and crops and that coordination with the GVI to provide the proper hand-

l. Several hundred rejujes were generated as a result of Operation Benton 15-27 September. Prior to the active phase of the operation coordination had been made with the Tan My and My Tin Districts and Quang Tin Province. The refugee situation in being Tin Province constitutes a problem of some magnitude to the GYI. There are, in fact, many more refugees than the government is capable of adequately providing for. In view of this, only voluntary refugees were evacuated from the tactical area of operations. Tactical units evacuated to appropriate government locations those Vietn mose who so requested. This under control of U.S. units, refugees were given modical tractions and food. Once turned over to the GYE the réfugees were absorbed into four different refugee cause.

2. Drigtdo plans are in effect to assist the GVI in derying the present rice crop to the Viet Geng. "Golden Fleece" operations are currently being conducted.

3. The planning phase of a siscable relocation operation occurred during the reporting period. The active phase was iniviated 21 August with the relocation of the inhabitants of Tayet Dien to Son Tra (1) in Binh Giang Village. Coordination was effected between military units, village, district and province officials concerned. Based on detailed plans to insure the success of the operation, all parties concerned worked diligently in accordance with all need time schedules. Rerticularly not worthy was the effort of lecal inhabitants of Son Tra (2) and Ten My (1), under the constant, competent supervision of the Binh Giong Village thick. security post, presently wanned jointly by US and IF personnel was constructed in a minimum of time. The are of Son Tra (1) was prepared to acce t the releastes. A parimeter security fence of nearly 2,000 meters was constructed by villagers, as many as 1100 working on a given day. ... 11 proparations necessary for a County Fair operation in connection with the relection operation were planned for, adequately provided and on location 20 Lugust. The initial personnel and material support of this operation was the following:

a. Personnel - Local villegers/up to 1100
FF - 2 squads
GVH officials, to ms and advisory counterparts-55(including one cultural drame torm, an audio/visual town (ground
speaker), and draws representatives, armed prepagands town, consus and
interrogation personnel and US and VN MEDCAP personnel.
2.military police squad, of USH (10H errors) up to 2 Kafantry Companies,

b. Equipment 1 bulldozer
2 LGT's
3 AMTRACS
2 ster 'poilors
1/4, 3/4 and 2½ ton trucks, as necessary

c. Connodities
Rice, corn, bulgar
Powdered wilk
Salt
Cooking oil
Tin
Coment
Red Cross gifts

h. During the period 21-2h august 2947 Vietnamese were relocated to Son Era (1). The active phase of the operation was discontinued at this time to proclude interference with the GVM national election period. Turing this period, those VM nelocated prepared their Mellings, improved water supplies, and resumed normal estivities. Fishing was resumed within 24 hours following each increment's move. The relocation was resumed 8 Sep. Between 8 and 13 Sep an additional 1145 VM were relocated, bringing the total population of the new hanlet to 4,092. As of this date, the operation is considered a success and has accomplished stated objectives. Currently, coordination is being affected to encourage coordinated GVM and U.S. future support of the area. The ultimate success of the operation will be apparent when the VM are capable of further development and providing their own defense capabilities.

to provide a new school, dispensary and hamlet office. Ath the assistance and advice of the rood and Agriculture Chief, 29th Civil Affairs Company, 5 tons of crep fortilizer has been made available for fields belonging to the people of Son Tro (1). The hamlet is developing well, there is no economic problem present. Fishing an farming continue nermally. GVI pisster payments in excess of 800,000\$ VI have been made to the people of Son Tro (1).

- (e) Esychological Operations.
  - 1. 26,376,000 leeflets dropped
    HD de'n 114 hours groundspeaker time
    Aircraft speaker time 92% hours
    AV Team 69 showings for 9500 people, a total

of 128 hours

6 special deaflets.

2. Effective 23 October the Psychological arfore Section came under S-3 staff responsibility, as it appears by LTO'E. The shift from the S-5 Section was made to permit the Psychological arfore Officer to utilize to greater adventage current tactical and intelligence information in psychological operations. It is the opinion of all concerned that this arrangement is very satisfactory and more responsive to Tsyops support fo unit missions.

- (8) Public Information:
- (a) The following activities took place in this unit during the period of July, Lugust, September 1967:

1. Fumber of press visits 7
2. Number of home town releases 100
3. Number of May Acheses 50
4. Humbers of press photos released 29
5. Fumber of taped recordings released 0

(b) Brigade Information Office gave full coverage during operation Benton which resulted in wide photo and press coverage in military and civilian news outlets. Extensive coverage was given to the movement of civilians in one of the largest moves of it's kind during this conflict. This was also covered by national TV outlets and civilian correspondents. Special coverage was given to the 100,000th civilian medical treatment in support of the M.D. Program. The 1967 Brigade Yaar Book, "The Second Ker" was completed in September and shipped from Apan to Victuam for mill out in October.

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. Commanders Observations and Recommendations:

#### a. Personnel

### (1) Item: Emergency leaves

Discussion: Rapid processing of emergency leave request will enable members of various units to quickly deport the unit for transportation to the air terminal.

Observation: All units should establish internal procedures on a step by step basis which enables rapid processing of such leaves. (A Co - 8th Spt)

### . b. Operations & Training

(1) Item: Utilization of 106 RR or mounted M60 machine guns on it ton vehicles as security escort for convoys.

Discussion: 4/31 Inf utilizes 106RR and 1600 machine guns mounted on jeeps as security vehicles for convoy resupply missions and all traffic on the MSR. A majority of the convoys consist of the gun jeep and one or two vehicles being escorted. (Ede S3)

Observation: The most effective security order of the vehicles is to have the escorted vehicle first followed approximately 100 meters by the escort vehicle. Should the escorted vehicle be ambushed the gum jeep can manuever rapidly to counter the ambush. If the 106 RR or 160 MG vehicles were ambushed it could react quickly to protect itself. (4/31 Inf)

### (2) Item: Use of UH-1D Melicopter

Discussion: The use of the UH-ID C&C helicopter is a major factor in the success of any large scale operation in Vietnam. With battalions and companies operating so far from their home base in areas that are inaccessible, it is almost impossible to exercise completely effective tactical and administrative control without the use of the C&C. The use of the C&C varies from the use by the commander for control of tactical operations, recommaissance for small unit leaders, often to include platoon sergeants, emergency resupply, delivery of orders, visual recommaissance of enemy positions, detection of enemy communications locations using the homing device, radio relay, pinpointing the location of friendly units in areas of dense forest, CBR drops, and medevacs ranging from urgent to priority.

Observation: The UH-ID is provided for each battalion daily. (4/31 Inf)

### (3) Item: Melfunction of 1-16 rifle.

Discussion: The malfunction of the M-16 rifle has become a matter of great concern to military personnel in Vietnam, as well as to many civilians and government officials.

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liming melfunctions, though, can be climinated with a little knowledge and sufficient attention to insure that the meapon is properly cleaned daily.

Observation: The small amount of tolerance between the cartridge and chamber walls leave little room for exponsion of shells.

Heavy buildup of carbon on the chamber walls and dirt in the chamber causes definite problems. These problems can be reduced by:

- (a) Using a .30 cal bore brush attached to a drill to eliminate the carbon in the bore.
  - (b) Covering the barrel opening with tape.
- (c) Checking the extraction spring and replacing it if it becomes weak.
  - (d) Frequently cleaning ammunition and magazines.
- (e) Carrying a cleaning rod to knock out any cartridge that doesn't extract. The cleaning rod can be uttached to the barrel of the 11-16 by using a link from 7.62mm belt ammo. (2/1, 3/21, 14/31 Inf)
  - (4) Item: Keeping the PRC 25 dry during the rainy season.

Discussion: Because of the heavy monsoon rains a means was needed to keep the PRC 25 radios functional and dry, but not so well protected that the radio is cumbersome or unusable.

Observation: By using salvage pieces of cenves from shelter halves, installing a zipper and utilizing florible, clear plastic over the control knobs, a water-tight, compact envelope is achieved for the RC 25 with control of adjustments being retained. (4/31 Inf) See Incl 1.

(5) Item: Detailed Search Techniques.

Discussion: VC snipers normally fire and then withdraw to spider hole type hiding places. These holes are very difficult to detect and can be discovered only after a very thorough search to include probing for the holes. Detection can be enhanced by searching for significant indicators which are normally present in the vicinity of the holes. These indicators are:

- (a) Human foces, generally located within 30 to 40 motions from the hole.
- (b) Slight Depression on ground within the bemboo thicket or hodge. May be in the same area as stubble from cut bamboo or camouflaged with grass, leaves, etc. Detection will be possible only after probin; with bayonets, shaking bamboo stubbles, etc.
- (c) Game Trails through hedgerous into thickets. These trails are paths that display frequent use. Holes leading through thickets are small and will be detected only upon thorough examination.

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- (d) Air holds into bunker, constructed with hollow bemboo in and around the thicket.
- (e) Patches of different color or texture of soil within the fields in the imediate vicinity.
- (f) Isolated Vietnamese, normally an old man, old woman, or young child within the search area. These persons do external comouflage on spider holes after the VC enter their hiding place.

Observation: The detailed search technique is the most effective means of finding the enemy in this enviorament. (Bde S3)

(6) Item: Foint Detonction Fuse for CS drops.

Discussion: Due to the failure of fuse lighters to function 100% of the time and due to inconsistent volumes of CS being dispersed on the ground because of veried heights of burst, a point detonating fuse was adapted to the 55 gal drum to solve these problems. The majority of targets are MSRs and base camp locations requiring the total 80 lb. drum to effectively deny the terrain for up to sixty days. The AN/M17341 bomb fuse allows for impact detonation and the achievement of desired results.

Observation: Forty drums of CS-1 have been drop ed using the H173 fuse and a fuse lighter as a back up means of detonation. Of those forty, thirty nine have emploded on impact effectively covering the target areas. The burst radius of one drum is approx. 30 meters. The one drum that did not explode was due to improper placement of the demolitions and not due to a faulty H173 fuse. This is the same fuse used in napalm bombs. (27th Chem)

(7) Item: Effect of weather on serial MPD operations.

Discussion: ORLLs from various units in RVH employing the MPD in the aerial mode have been found valid by this unit. The main area of interest was in determining if the different weather conditions in I Corps would vary from patterns found in other areas of Vietnam.

Observation: The main hindrance to MFD operations in this area results from gusting winds. Being located on a coastal area subjects us to varying wind directions and speed. If the wind speed exceeds 12 knots accurate readings cannot be obtained. The ideal time for flying in this area has proved to be between 0800 and 1200 hrs. The wind is lowest at these times. During the mension season the wind comes predominantly from the north/northwest; and during the dry season from the south/southeast.

(8) Item: Summary of MPD serial flying techniques.

Discussion: Due to extremely variable and rugged termain located in southern I Corps now techniques of flying had to be developed. The coastal plain has not lent itself to personnel detection due to the large civilian population that dominates the area.



The mountainous terrain west of the deast presents hazards to low level rlying. Ridges have to be flown by following contour lines in order to avoid down drafts. Stream beds running from the tops of the mountains have to be flown downward for the UHD connot climb at a safe speed. Valleys and streams are flown in preference to ridges because of the characteristic placement of enery treeps near water.

Observation: A rescue UHD is always employed because of the increased hazard of aerial accident as well as enemy ground fire. A FAC is used as a plotter due to his fami larity with the terrain. On several occasions a smiffer ship was almost lost due to updrafts and downdrafts on ridgelines, resulting in the flying techniques described above. Peaks also offer generally poor results because the wind is usually 15 knots or higher at those elevations. (27th Chem)

(9) Item: Cordon, Search and Interrogation of Vietnamese Villagers.

Discussion: During Operation Checker, a cordon and search operation, the 650 residents of Hamlet 8, in MY Sahn Village were removed from their homes to an assembly area. The cordon was established during the hours of darkness to enclose any enemy and prevent the villagers from vacating the area early for work details. Previous experience in this particular location dictated that all villagers be removed so that airstrikes could be brought in to set off known rance and booby traps that would hamper our planned search. While the airstrike and search were going on a mediap was set up and the villagers were screened by national police, an IRV team, and a CI team. Detained were interrogated and moved to IX TIN District Hq. Food, water, and shalter were provided for the Victnamese during the day long operation. An armed Propaganda Team was employed to pass instruction to the people and present pro-government and Chicu Hol speeches.

Observation: In a cordon and cearch operation it is essential to keep those persons who have been screened segregated from those who have not yet been processed. One or two strands of wire for control purposes can be utilized. Also since a thorough screening job takes a considerable length of time, tents for shelter and a water source should be provided both in the collection area and the holding area. Provisions should also be made to feed the people in both sections separately. Decause of the necessity of possing instructions to the civilians and the opportunity to present propaganda speeches to a large assemblage of persons, an Armed Propaganda Team should be employed. They are extremely cooperative and professional in their conduct. HP's should be taken to the assembly area to both control the persons waiting processing and to guard the detainoes. A maximum number of interpreters should be available in the assembly area. They are needed for interrogation, coordination with participating Viotnamose agencies, and control of the civilians. (2/1 Inf)

(10) Itom: Squad Radios

Discussion: During a recent operation where the new squad radios were used, they were found to be an outstanding piece of equipment.

The range was sufficient to accommodate the operation of any platoon eacept when the radio got wet, which decreased the range significantly. When the radio got wet, the platoon leader in the conter of the platoon file could not adequately communicate with his front or rear due to the heavy amount of static and the squeeling that was caused by the excess moisture in the radio transmitter.

Discussion: To get the maximum efficiency out of the new squad radio it is imperative that the transmitter be kept free from moisture at all times.

(11) Item: Artillery preparations.

Discussion: Patterns should not be set in firing proparations.

Observation: The sequence of preparations should be varied between air, artillery, and gunships. Diversionary preparations also have been used to confuse the enemy. (3/82 Arty)

(12) Itom: Field Installation of (FADAC) Field Artillery Digital Analytical Computer.

Discussion: Protection of FADAC in field location.

Observation: Build the FADAC into the sand bag wall leaving the back open. A wall 2 or 3 feet away from the rear of the machine will permit proper ventilation. This procedure increases space available in FDC and protects the FADAC from direct small arms and mortar or rocket fragments.

(13) Item: Fuzing of Smoke Rounds.

Discussion: Difficulty experienced in firing, "Shell Smoke, High Streemer."

Observation: Due to dense vegetation in Vietnem, the observers frequently request, "Smoke High Streamers", to facilitate their positive identification of the target location. The smoke rounds usually received at present are pre-fuzed with a 25 second fuze. Then the mission requires a time of flight greater than 25 seconds, it is often impossible to fire shell smoke. Due to the fact that the 25 second fuze is semi-permanently tapped into the fuze well, it is often impossible or at least very time consuming to change fuzes. Recommend that shell smoke be packed with an M564 fuze or without fuze. (3/82 Arty)

(14) Item: Area and Road Drainage.

Discussion: During the rainy season, roads and storage areas throughout the Ede area bedome flooded and/or washed out due to improper or poorly constructed drainage. This loss of road nets causes loss of equipment and hinders operations in general causing many equipment and man hours to be expended unnecessarily. This situation could be helped greatly in many cases if storage areas and road drainage were properly employed.

Observation: During the recent typhoen, a large quantity of water fold in a very short time and demonstrated a lack of proper drainage and construction of various roads and storage areas. The major problems were: roads cut by vater flow, especially around culvert sites; large quantities of soil running off hills, standing pools of vater in storage area, and severe erosion throughout road ditches and camp areas. Therefore, units in and around these trouble areas must take the following precautions:

- (a) Hood walls of all culvert sites must be sandbagged to prevent crosion of ditch rites and loss of reads.
- (b) Steep hills with no foilage cover must be sandbagged and revetted in order to step the downhill flow of soil.
- (c) Check dams of sandbags and steel picket design must be installed in existing readside ditches to slow the flow of water. See FM 5-15 & FM 5-34.
- (d) Pick and shovel work on local drainage must be done. Unless ditches and culverts are clean, unless water is given a flow away from roads and critical areas and unless proper drainage from a high to a low area is planned and emphasized, units will be cut off from supply bases. The road nots must be maintained on a unit level or small faults will develop into major problems.
  - (35) Item: Met woother demolition procedures.

Discussion: Not weather has had the following observed effects on demolition: sputtering or inactive fuses, dud shots, and low grade explosions. The following discussion treats these problems.

Observation: Demolitions procedures also become problems in wet weather. Fuse and detonating cord must be stored above ground level and kept absolutely dry, and the actual demolitions must be kept as dry as possible. Often the weather will be such that only electical detonation can be used. Finally, to ensure first shot results, all charges should be double fused. (175th Eng.)

(16) Item: Support Troops awarness of Tactical Situation:

Discussion: Many times support troops, because of the nature of their mission are not fully aware of the tactical situation of the troops they are supporting.

Observation: The reaction time and effort put forth by support troops can be increased considerably if adequate information is dissominated concerning the affect of their support in aiding the combat troops to accomplish their mission. By providing support troops with adequate information on the tactical situation in their immediate area an appreciation is developed for the reasons behind extra training covering the infantrymen's skills, which they may have to use in the future. (8th Spt)

Observation: A defense overlay is few prepared for cach photo mission readout. Thus, when the missions have been flown ever the same are on different dates a comparsion of the respective everlags will reveal whoth r there has been a significant increase or decrease in onemy defenses. (Pde S-2)

### (5) Item: The Proper Tagging of Distainces

discussion: During the month of October 1967, 124 detailoss were interregated and classified by the IFM's ction of the 169th HID at the CHU LAI Collection Foint (CLOI). Muncrous detaineds were interregated and classified at the Second Surgic 1 Mespital.

Observation: The overmedining majority effithest detainess arrived at C.C. without capture data on USARY Form 365 or with incomplete or incorrect capture data. Without complete and accurate capture data, the IPM section is at a distinct disadvant go when they attempt to interrogate and classify the detainers sent in by the elements of the 196th Lt Inf Bdo in the field. (S-2)

### (6) Iton: Evacuation of Detainous

Discussion: Experience has preven conclusively that when detrinees are evacuated to any other location than the 196th Lt Inf Bde IT! Center, the resultant delay in receipt of information, coupled with frequent failure to exploit detainees completely, tends to negete the value of the captive.

Observation: Battelien S-2's should evecute all I detrinoes with accompanying trg, decements and equipment through intelligence channels to the 196th Lt Inf Edu III Conter in order to insure expeditions and thorough exploitation.

### (7) Item: Weekly Detained Disposition Pepert

Discussion: In the pest, b the lien S-2's vero learning the disposition of detaines which their units sent in to the INV Cage only when the detained gave information with me significant information were accounted for by marbor only on the deily and wouldy Detained Status Report which is submitted to the S-2, 196th Edc. 's a result, the units could not give an exact account as to the disposition of many of the suspects they detained.

Observ tion: Effective II Nev 67, the ITH Section will submit a "Waskly Detained Disposition Report" to the butteline S-2's. This report will recount for each detained sent to the ITH Cago as to none, capture data, classification, and final disposition.

### (8) Iton: Use of Nightly Flareships and FAC's

Discussion: This Battalian utilized Chareships and PAC's nightly during the period of the Vietnamese National electrons, 15 August thru 5 September 1967. The flareships activities were used for he

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purpose of: deterring enemy activity. The flareships flew throughout the Batalion AO and occasionally assisting neighboring units, providing illumination, directing small arms fire, and adjusting artillery. One Officer from the S-2 and S-3 complex accompanied each flight.

Observation: The enemy action reports for hours of darkness verified the effect of the flareship. A definite drop in the number of incidents was noticed for this period. Inquires made of the Vietnamese Nationals of our AO revealed that the enemy was apprehensive of movement or activity during hours while flareships were airborne. On two eccasions, a FAC was utilized in conjunction with flareships. he flareships illuminated the area, while the FAC's would fly underneath the flareships, thus increasing the visual reconnaisance of the area. The presence of the FAC's increased the possibility of an immediate airstrike in case contact was made. (4/31)

### d. Logistics.

(1) Item: The PLL for the M1937 Burner.

Discussion: The PLL for subject items was not being maintained properly throughout the brigade. Five units had no spare parts of any description on hand for several months. Priority 12 in most cases was being used for requisitions. A contributing factor to this unsatisfactory condition was that Battalion 9-4's were not following up on requisition which were older than 30 days.

Observation: Battalion S-4's were encouraged by this office to use a higher priority (05) for requisitioning parts for subject items and for them to continually check all requisitions. (Bdc S-4)

(2) Itom: Airborne Type Helmet Liner for Combat Tracker

Discussion: During operations, it was found personnel from the combat tracker team, would have their helmets fall off, white running with the dogs.

OBSERVATION: The team turned in the regular helmet liner and were issued the airborns type helmet liner, which has a Shim strap. By interlacing the helmet strap through the chin strap of the liner and helmet becomes secure. (Bdo 3-4)

(3) Itom: Company Grade Officers clear through Erigade S-4.

Discussion: In the past, a many grade officers were not required to clear the Brigade S-4 office prior to being transferred out of the 195th Li ht Intentry Brigade. In many cases, surveying officers returned to 60 MS for reassignment without completing and returning the surveys to the Brigade S-4. this caused many surveys to be lost or delayed for long paviods of time.

Observation: -ll surveying officers must now clorr the Erig to 5-4 prior to being released. (Bde 8-4)

### (4) Iton: Excess Concrete on the job site.

Dispussion: In many cases when ready mix concrete is used there is coment left ever that isn't needed for the job. Excess coment should be dusped around her! walls of culverts and in areas that have a tendency to wish out in the rainey season, an act on the grand around the job site.

Observation: Carciul lemming will prevent having excess concrete but a plan should always be unde just in case there is some extra, then all concrete will be utilized for the bost results. (175th E.)

(5) Iton: Signal - Re-Transmission sites.

Discussion: When establishing a re-transmission with which may only be reached by helicopter, there is a requirement for a DC generator, and sufficient fuel to operate the generator.

Observation: In the majority of cases two AN/PRC 25's with the re-transmission kit MX-456 should be used. This will edimented the generator requirement, POL requirement and reduce the weight of equipment. The reduced weight will indrease the capability to transport other supplies. (Edw Sig)

#### e. Civil 4ffcirs

(1) Item: The reluctance of the Vietnamese to undertake totally self-help projects.

Discussion: The theme of self help in civic action activity is sound. The need for wide improvement in the basics of health, sanitation and improved methods is well known. The approach is to encourage prople to accomplish projects for the good of the general public activity local resources. Projects of this nature must be precooded by local organization and cooperation. There is an inherent resistance to change in the nature of the Vietnamese. This is most difficult obstacle and requires maximum understanding and patience. Even needs which seem very obvious are often not considered propitious by the Vietnamese, mainly due to cultural influences. They are capable and do have resources to accomplish such basics as drainage and waste disposal.

Observation: Educational influence must be exerted to a great degree based on a thorough understanding of the people and preposed alrough frequent and intimate grass roots association.

(2) Iton: The importance of insuring a future norms of livelihoodprior to sizeable involuntary local nutricual relocations.

Discussion: There exist many examples of contrasting success and failure in relocation operations. It must be known, prior to relocation, that the new are is expectate of sustaining life; that the

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area is available; and, that the people concerned are of a vocation suitable to productivity in the area. Too often, relocation occurs with the result being an additional burden to the GVII and for which it is not expebble of providing. These circumstances dentifie to or ate another area fertile for VC encroachment and may emptite a problem of greater magnitude than that which was supposedly eliminated through relection. Conversely there are those operations which have permitted insociate resumption of activities and the basis for further development.

Observation: O crations object ives must be closely a scrutinized, planning must be thorough, GVN agencies must be in complete agreement and willing to preparly support the operation. The advantages of obtaining objectives must be carefully compared to resultant disadvantages.

(3) Item: Encouraging association of the Viotnamese with U.S. military sponsored of vil affairs activities.

Discussion: The underlying theme of U.S. military civic action in support of GVI Revolutionary Development is the eventual assumption and continuance of programs by the people. Projects such as IDECLES, the denotion of necessity items and the sponsorship of orphanges are very worthwhile. However, many such projects terminate with the withdrawal of U.S. Experies and the condition then degenerates to its formor undesireable status, differts having been for naught.

Observation: Increased use of local inhabitants in alligragrams will load the people to associate with the program. Starting of a small! lovel, responsibility can be increased by degree, to the point where the people feel, and are in fact, tetally responsible. Chances of sustaining such programs became increasingly botter under these conditions.

(4) Itan: Lack of Viotnamese boat control in 2-1 area.

Discussion: It is imparative that same means be employed to enforce some type of curiew of boots in the 2-1 area. The partial boots (Beston thelers) have proven inadequate, for maintaining overall a control.

Observation: It has been learned that by supplementing the beat patrols with adequate loudspeaker broadcasts, the people receive the curfew enforcement instructions in mass. This is accomplished by the Armed Propaganda Team operating at a proximately 200 feet altitude in a Unil-D helicopter. This flyer mission can be laid on with little or no advance notice, making it an immediate reaction capability. Bac-Tsyops)

. (5) Iton: Appeals based on hardships of wer and life in the jungle.

Discussion: Information gained from VC I.O.W.'s indicate that our ampeals to Chicu Hoi based upon the hardships of wir, life in the jungle and dying awayfrom their level ones is lacking in effectiveness. The same sources indicate that all on these thin a have new been accorded by the Vice Cong and should not influence their behavior to any degree, example, Chicu Hei.

Observation: By placing the layous program on a more personnelized basis, gre ter results can be expected. At present, individuals are being named on broadcasts, and leaflets. VC Units are receiving specific appeals. The result of such amouls, become apparent when Hgo Io, a 17 year old VC guerilla rallied to 3/21 Inf of the 196th, Ho indicated that a direct amoul leaflet was responsible for his actions.

FOR THE COME NDER:

THOMAS M. FIRMEGAU llt, Inf Asst Adjutant

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1 Item 9; 10; 13; 14; 15; 16; 17;

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3 Acof S for Force Dev, DA

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2 CG; Human Research Unit, Ft Benning, ga.

3 CG; US Army Inf Sch, It Benning, Ga.

3 CG; US Army Armor Sch, Ft Knox, Ky

3 CG; US Army Artillery & Hissle Sch, Ft Sill, Okla.

3 CG; C/GS, Ft Leavenworth, Kan.

3 CG; C/GS, Ft Leavenworth, Kan.

3 CG; Ist Cav Div, APO 96190

3 CG; 199th It Inf Ede, Apo 96279

3 CG; 173d Abn Ede, APO 96250

3 CG; 1st Inf Div, APO 96345

3 CG; 1st Ede, 101st Abn Div, APO 96247

3 CG; 9th Inf Div, APO 96370

5 CG; Americal Div, ATM: Historian, APO 96374

3 CG, 198th It Inf Ede, APO

3 CITUSARPAC, ATMN: G-3, APO 96557

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AVDF-GC (10 Nov 67) lst Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report-Lessons Learned (RCS-CSFCR-65)(U)

DA, HQ, Americal Division, APO San Francisco 96374 JRF/5 1968

- TO: Commanding General, United States Army, Vietnam, ATTN: AVEGC-DST, APO San Francisco 96375
- 1. (U) Forwarded herewith is the subject report of the 196th Light Infantry Erigade.
- 2. (U) The following comments are considered pertinent to the referenced paragraph of the basic communication.
- a. Reference: Paragraphs 1b(7)(b), 1b(7)(c)4, 2b(6). When referring to the use of CS-1, the term "restrict" should be used rather than "deny."
- b. Reference: Paragraph 1d(5), page 29. The term "permanent building" is improperly used. The type construction referred to is "temporary."
- 3. (U) This headquarters concurs with the observations and comments contained in subject report.

FOR THE COMMANDIR:

KAZUTO KAWABATA OTUSA

1 Capt, AGC

Asst Adjutant General

AVHGC=DST (10 Nov 67) 2d Ind (C)
SUBJECT: Operational Report for Quarterly Period Ending 31 October 1967.
(RCS CSFOR-65) (U)

HEADQUARTERS, UNITED STATES ARMY VIETNAM, APO San Francisco 96375 19 JAN 1968

- TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96558
- 1. (U) This headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the period ending 31 October 1967 from Headquarters, 196th Light Infantry Brigade (FBEA) as indepsed.
  - 2. (C) Pertinent comments follow:
- a. Reference item concerning the M-16 rifle, page 37, paragraph 2b(3): Concur. A muzzle cover has been developed and recently requisitioned. Use of a 30 cal. bore brush and electric drill is not required if the weapon is properly cleaned on a daily basis.
- b. Reference item concerning fuzing of smoke rounds, page 41, paragraph 2b(13): Nonconcur. The M564 Fuze will not fit in the fuze well of the M84 series smoke rounds. The problem stated stems from TSQ M54 Fuze, with a 25 second delay, which is no longer being procured. The MTSQ M501 Series Fuze, with a 75 second delay is the current issue item. The 1st Logistical Command has been requested to issue an equitable mix where the TSQ M54 Fuze is the item issued.
- 3. (U) A copy of this indorsement will be furnished to the reporting unit through channels.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

D. E. TUMAN

Major, AGC

Asst Adjutant General

cy furn: HQ; 196th Lt Inf Bde HQ, Americal Div

Downgraded at 3 year Intervals
Declassified after 12 years
DOD DIR 5200.10

GPOP-DT(10 Nov 67)

(U) 3d Ind

SUBJECT: Operational Report for the Quarterly Period Ending 31 October 1967 from HQ, 196th Lt Inf Bde (UIC: WFBEAA) (RCS CSFOR-65)

HQ, US ARMY, PACIFIC, APO San Francisco 96558 3.0 JAN 1969

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters has evaluated subject report and forwarding indorsements and concurs in the report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

HEAVRIN SWYDER

CPT, AQC

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CG, 196th Light Infantry Brigade			•	
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